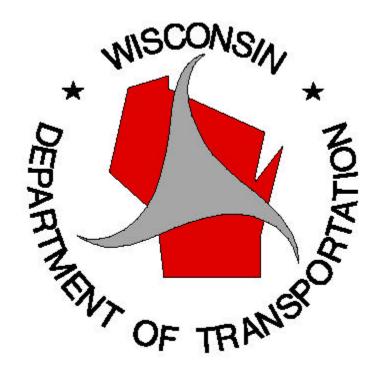
ASPHALTIC PAVEMENT WARRANTIES



FIVE-YEAR PROGRESS REPORT

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In 1995, the Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT) and the Wisconsin Asphalt Pavement Association had developed and began constructing asphaltic pavements with a warranty specification. By the end of 2000, 24 asphaltic warranted pavements were constructed. The warranty period is five years and requires the contractor to perform remedial (corrective) work whenever a distress threshold is exceeded. The warranty specifications are based upon specific pavement distresses (rather than ride or any other factor). Distress thresholds were established at levels, which WisDOT's pavement management system indicated were typical for five-year old asphaltic pavements.

Based upon five years of experience, the warranted pavements are performing better than typical pavements, considering ride values and all distress factors. For example, the typical international roughness index (in meters per kilometer) for a standard asphaltic pavement at five years of age is 1.45, while the warranted at five years averages 0.94 - significantly better. The Pavement Distress Index (PDI) for a standard asphaltic pavement at five years is 26 while the warranted at five years averages 9.

The costs figures required to make a comparison between the warranted and standard projects are difficult at best to determine. However, based upon limited data and considering all factors, warranted pavements cost less per ton than standard projects. Accordingly, warranty projects are cost-effective since they cost less and perform better. Warranties appear to be a superior means for delivering asphaltic pavements to the public.

Warranties have reduced State construction delivery costs. Warranty projects require less supervision and testing than a standard asphalt project, thereby reducing the State's delivery costs.

No distress thresholds have been exceeded, which means no remedial work (warranted) has been performed.

Warranties have allowed contractors to be innovative in quality management, construction practices, use of additives, etc. In addition, warranties have proven to be an innovative means for contract administration.

For future warranty projects, industry and WisDOT are considering the possibility of "tightening-up" the performance criteria for the same five-year time period, or, allowing the performance criteria to remain the same but increasing the warranty period. Either change in the warranty specifications would tend to assure an even better quality, longer lasting pavement.

An incentive provision could be made to reward the contractor for an exceptionally good performing pavement. The incentive provision would help assure the customer of a superior pavement while giving the contractor the incentive to provide it. The reward for such a provision could be monetary or a reduction in the warranty period once the exceptional performance is documented.

ASPHALTIC PAVEMENT WARRANTIES

FIVE-YEAR PROGRESS REPORT

INTRODUCTION

The Wisconsin Department of Transportation began building asphaltic concrete pavements with a warranty specification in 1995. By the end of 2000, 24 asphaltic warranty projects had been built. The purpose of this report is to briefly discuss the progress of this program in order to:

- A. keep interested parties informed of the progress of this new initiative,
- B. see if modifications to the warranty program are needed, and
- C. help chart the future use of warranties.

BACKGROUND

In the past, when WisDOT operated under traditional method specifications, asphaltic concrete (AC) pavement contractors were told what materials to use and how to produce and place hot mix asphalt. Wisconsin's state highway engineers were involved in all stages of road building and maintenance. They developed the formula for everything that went into the construction of the roadway and posted inspectors on the job site to manage the construction and assure that contractors built it to exact specifications (materials and method specifications). However, rapid advancements and changes in the asphaltic concrete pavement industry began in the late 1980's. By 1994 WisDOT was operating under a very comprehensive quality control/quality assurance (QC/QA) program. This program was the beginning of a shift in responsibility for the product from WisDOT to the contractor. The QA/QC program required product quality testing to be performed by the contractor (QC), with WisDOT doing a limited amount of testing for verification purposes (QA). A logical progression in AC pavement specifications was the development of warranty specifications.

Prior to 1991, FHWA had a long-standing policy that restricted the use of warranties on Federal-aid projects to electrical and mechanical equipment. The rationale for the restriction was that a warranty requirement might indirectly result in Federal-aid funds participating in maintenance costs - - the use of Federal-aid funds for routine maintenance is prohibited.

Under Special Experimental Project No. 14 (SEP 14), *Innovative Contracting Practices*, FHWA approved state-proposed warranty concepts which encouraged improved quality and contractor accountability without shifting routine maintenance to the contractor.

The warranty Final Rule was published in the April 19, 1996, Federal Register. Following the Final Rule publication, <u>warranties are no longer considered experimental for National Highway System (NHS) projects</u>. With the FHWA Division Administrator's concurrence, a state may include a warranty for a project on the NHS. For Federal-aid projects off of the NHS, warranty clauses may be used in accordance with state procedures and no FHWA approval is required.

In early 1994, the development of an asphaltic concrete warranty specification began as a cooperative effort between WisDOT, the Wisconsin Asphalt Pavement Association (WAPA) and the Wisconsin Division Office of the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA). From the onset, the three parties agreed to pursue a fresh, non-restrictive approach to the warranty concept. The team came to several common understandings.

- The warranty process allows WisDOT to define the final product in terms of condition and performance.
- Warranties offer the potential for improving quality and reducing state project delivery costs.
- There are shared risks WisDOT has the risk of less than desired pavement performance and the contractor has the risk involved in remedial-corrective work.
- The contractor should decide how to construct the pavement.

It was also determined that warranties offer contractors greater opportunities to use cost effective means to perform the work and the freedom to try innovative methods. Thus, under the warranty concept, the contractor becomes a full partner in the road building process.

The first warranted projects were built in 1995 and the process has continued each year since. On warranty projects the contractor is responsible for the asphaltic mixtures (including mix design, materials, quality control, and construction) and any required warranty work for a period of five years following the opening of the pavement to traffic. Under newer warranty contracts the contractor also assumes responsibility for crack sealing during the first five years.

PURPOSE

The purpose of WisDOT's warranty specification is as follows:

- 1. To focus evaluations on actual performance of the final product; not on ingredients, the process or surrogate tests for performance.
- 2. To begin focusing performance evaluations not only on the final product, but on factors considered important by the highway user.

- 3. To continue to strive for the goals of high quality highways, built on time and at a reasonable cost.
- 4. To foster contractor freedom to be innovative and creative, while maintaining WisDOT performance standards.
- 5. To lower WisDOT project delivery costs by reducing testing, supervision and staff involvement in the construction process.
- 6. To progress from method specifications and from the QC/QA concept to end result, performance-based specifications. Thus, WisDOT will let the contractor know what performance is desired and the contractor will decide how to accomplish it.
- 7. To gain experience in the elements of warranty specifications, such as bond requirements.
- 8. To help the national effort by exploring innovative specifications and alternative contracting methods.
- 9. To enhance pavement quality.
- 10. To shift product responsibility from WisDOT to the contractor.

INTENTS AND CONSTRAINTS

The intention of the warranty effort is to give the contractors as much freedom as possible while assuring a quality product. Thus, the warranty specification allows contractors to select their own materials, mix design, quality management program, construction techniques, inspection, etc. It is further intended to hold contractors responsible for acceptable pavement performance for five years, but not to hold them responsible for factors/conditions beyond their control. The intent of this effort is to relieve WisDOT of construction inspection and quality assurance testing, and, instead, to concentrate its efforts on evaluating the final product.

There are several necessary constraints upon the contractor. WisDOT specifies the location of the projects, the schedule for completion, the thickness of the pavement, and the type of base. The pavement thickness and type of base are specified so that each project could be bid on an equal basis within the low-bid environment.

In essence, the warranty process incorporates the concept of paying the contractor to take a certain, but reasonable, risk. For the first projects the risk for both parties was minimized by mutually selecting projects where the potential for success was high, i.e. good subgrade. WisDOT's risk includes paying more for a pavement that has performance similar to that of the past. After that a selection process was developed and put into practice that screens projects for their eligibility for a warranty pavement.

Currently, this is the method that the District pavement designers use to decide to warranty a pavement.

ANALYSIS OF BIDS

WisDOT performs a bid analysis and review after the project letting and prior to award of contract. A few warranty project bids have not been awarded due to the fact that the low bid was substantially higher than what had been estimated for the project. For all warranty projects, a close inspection of the bid price and the engineer's estimate reveals that the Asphaltic Pavement Warranted item is most often the major difference between both total amounts. These result should be expected given WisDOT's lack of experience in estimating the risk associated with a paving project.

QUALITY MANAGEMENT ISSUES

Specification Changes

The original specification was drafted in the fall of 1994 and the first projects were let to bid in the winter and spring of 1995. The same specifications were used on the 1996 projects for AC over a granular base. The specifications were expanded to include warranted asphaltic pavement over jointed concrete pavement for a project that was constructed in 1997. In 1997 the specification was changed to include a provision that the contractor was responsible for routing and sealing of all cracks in the summer of the third year. In 1998 the route and seal provision was changed from the third to the fourth year. In 1999 the specification was changed to include ancillary pavements. Ancillary pavements are defined as all other asphaltic pavements, except the mainline pavement. The other revision that is being considered for the future is to add two to five years to the warranty period (using the existing thresholds), or, to leave the warranty period at five years but to "lower" the threshold values.

Possible Variations of the Warranty Concept

Alternate bids could be tried where all projects would be bid conventionally and with a warranty. Under this plan, WisDOT would award the project based on the conventional bid and decide whether or not they wanted to buy the warranty.

Quality Control and Independent Assurance Testing (IAT)

It is the contractor's decision on the course of action for quality control and assurance. In most cases, the contractor initially ran QC much the same as a conventional project. However, in some cases the testing frequency was reduced after production stabilized. The reduction in testing frequency was a function of the risk involved and the confidence level in the consistencies and quality of the plant and construction operations. WisDOT did not conduct formal independent assurance program inspections on any warranty projects.

PAVEMENT PERFORMANCE

The warranty specification contains thresholds for visible distress, a copy of the specification is provided in Appendix A. These thresholds are based on statistical analyses of pavement performance data. If a threshold is reached the contractor is responsible for conducting the specified remedial action for five years. The thresholds are based on historical data from Wisconsin's Pavement Management System. The thresholds were set at levels that were typically (historically) attained by AC pavements in Wisconsin. A key evaluation criterion is tracking how the warranty projects are performing in relation to this historic database.

The 2000 performance data for the 18 projects constructed from 1995 to 1999 is summarized in Appendix B, with project specific data shown in Appendix C. Of the 24 AC warranty projects constructed to date 23 of them are pavement type 1 (AC over flexible base). The one project is a type 3 (AC over PCC).

Distress information is collected annually on each warranted pavement between April and May as per the specification. Distress evaluations are then conducted in the WisDOT Pavement Monitoring Lab. Pavement distress values are not pay items, but they do establish whether or not a threshold has been exceeded and whether or not remedial action is required under the warranty. These values are also used to monitor pavement performance over time. For general performance monitoring, individual distresses are collectively incorporated into the Pavement Distress Index (PDI) which ranges from zero (perfect condition) to 100 (worst possible condition). A plot of PDI over time is a useful tool for assessing pavement performance.

Ride information is collected at the same time the distress information is collected. Ride evaluations are made annually for each warranty pavement. Ride is neither a pay item, nor is any remedial action required based on ride measurements. Ride is measured with WisDOT's Video Distress van over a nominal one-mile section of pavement and reported as International Roughness Index (IRI) in metric units (m/km). IRI ranges in value from zero (perfect ride) to an indefinite upper-end (four is considered a very rough ride).

Overall Evaluation

In appendix C, the specific distress and ride data is shown for each section of each project. In addition, the threshold limits are shown for each distress. Transverse cracking (TRANSCR) and longitudinal cracking (LONGCR) are the only two distresses with any entries. As an aid in understanding Appendix C, consider a three in the TRANSCR column - - this means there are three cracks in that segment. When there is no entry in a distress column that means no distress was noted during the survey (showing all the zeros would make the report needlessly difficult to read).

Distress thresholds have not been exceeded on any project. In fact, all projects are well below the threshold limits. Sometimes a couple of transverse cracks will show a PDI rating of zero, this means the cracks were narrow and had no band cracking (multiple

cracks close to, and running parallel to, the main crack). Sometimes a single transverse crack will show a PDI of four, this means the crack is more than a simple, narrow crack.

A summary of overall comparative pavement performance is shown below.

Type 1 Pavements

Performance	Pavement	Age				
Indicators	New	1 year	2 years	3 years	4 years	5 years
State Average IRI – Non Warranty	1.11	1.17	1.29	1.33	1.37	1.45
Average IRI - Warranty	0.81	0.87	0.89	0.89	0.94	0.94
State Average PDI – Non Warranty	0	5	11	16	21	26
Average PDI - Warranty	0	1	2	6	12	9

Based on the values shown above, the average distress performance of the warranted pavements over five years is better than historic distress performance. The ride values are significantly better than historic performance of non-warranted pavements. This can be an important consideration since it relates directly to customer expectations and possibly an extended pavement life. Figures 1 and 2 show a bar chart of the performance data.

Assessing Cost Effectiveness

The typical type 1 asphaltic pavement (heavy or medium volume mix) in Wisconsin has an expected life of approximately 18 years at which time the PDI will be in the 60 to 75 range and the IRI will average approximately 2.5. Distress (not ride) generally controls the life of an AC pavement.

Figure 1 PDI values of Non-Warranty vs. Warranty Pavements

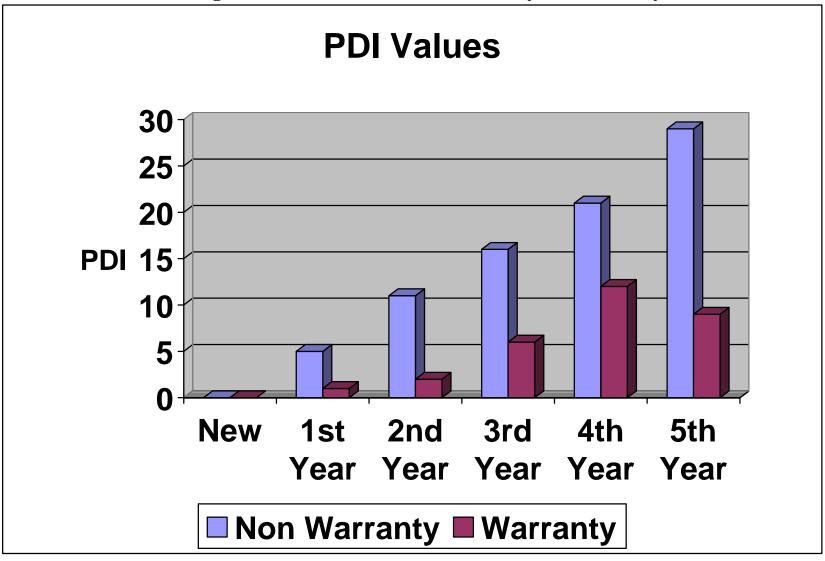
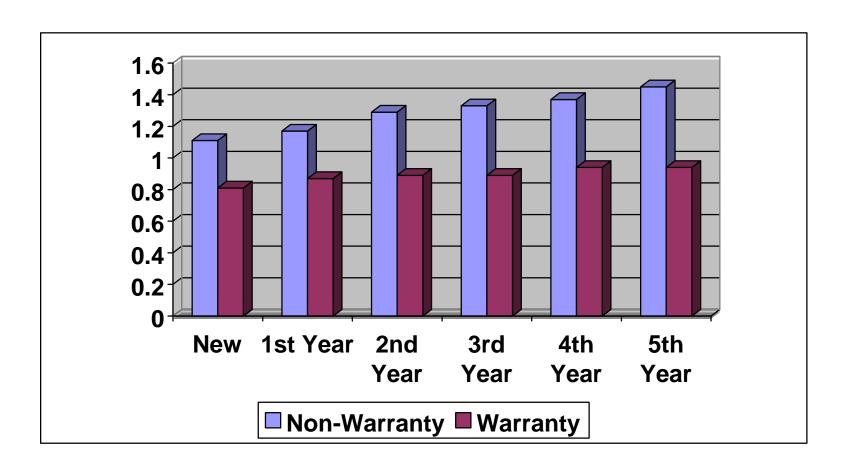


Figure 2 IRI Values of Non-Warranty vs. Warranty Pavements



Assessing cost effectiveness of a warranty program is difficult until such time that there is sufficient performance data to indicate long-term trends. Until such trends are developed, the performance of warranty projects can merely be plotted in comparison to typical pavements in order to get a "glimpse" of comparative performance. The extra "benefit" delivered via warranty, Figures 1 and 2, can ultimately be compared to the project costs to see if warranties are cost-effective. Of course, such an analysis has to include all the "other" costs experienced by WisDOT and the contractor during the first five years of pavement life in order to make a valid comparison.

A listing of cost factors required to make a valid (apples to apples) comparison is shown below.

Cost to be Included in Standard Contracts

- 1. Mixture bid price
- 2. Asphalt bid price
- 3. Tack coat bid price
- 4. Quality management bid price
- 5. State delivery costs
- 6. State maintenance costs for 5 years
- 7. Conflict resolution (found to be negligible, so not considered from here on)

Costs to be Included in Warranty Contracts

- 1. Asphalt pavement warranted bid price
- 2. Training and use of conflict resolution team costs (found to be negligible, so not considered from here on, has never been used)
- 3. State delivery costs (reduced from standard contracts)
- 4. Extra distress surveys and reports for warranties (found to be negligible, so not considered from here on, eventually warranties will be collected on the normal statewide cycle and there will be no additional cost)
- 5. Extra tests for disputes, traffic counts, etc. (found to be negligible, so not considered from here on)

WisDOT is gathering data to refine and enable this comparison in future years. For the present, the comparison is based upon the following.

The worth of the preventive maintenance (crack routing and sealing at four years of age):

WisDOT's Pavement Management System indicates a typical AC pavement will have approximately 8000 linear feet of cracking (longitudinal and transverse) per roadway mile at four years of age. Routing and sealing typically cost WisDOT \$1.20 per linear foot, or \$10,000 per roadway mile (\$5,000 per lane mile). For a five-inch pavement thickness this translates into \$2.07/ton for crack routing and sealing once in the five year period.

Thus, the cost estimates required for a comparison are:

1.	State n	naintenance costs for 5 years (5-inch thickness).	
	a)	Crack routing and sealing	\$2.07/ton
2.	Quality	y Management bid prices	\$0.60/ton
cost sa	y put, thavings	construction delivery costs ne comparison of costs can be made as follows (with and with for the warranty projects – if applied, the difference in detandard).	ithout a delivery

Standard Contracts 1995 to 1999 (medium volume mix)

1. Mixture bid + Asphalt bid + tack coat bid\$25.0	5/ton
$(\$17.03/t + 5.5\% \times \$142.18/t + \$0.20/t)$	
(average values statewide for projects of similar size in 1995 thru 1999)	

2.	Quality Management\$0.60/to	n
3.	State Maintenance\$2.07/to	n

STANDARD TOTAL (w/o delivery costs) = $\frac{27.72}{\text{ton}}$

STANDARD TOTAL (with delivery costs) = $\frac{$28.05}{ton}$

Standard Contracts 2000 (medium volume mix)

4. Mixture bid + Asphalt bid + tack coat bid	\$28.58/ton
$(\$17.80/t + 5.5\% \times \$192.19/t + \$0.21/t)$	
(average values statewide for projects of similar size in 2000)	
	Φ0. c 0./:

5. Quality Management ------\$0.60/ton 6. State Maintenance ------\$2.07/ton

STANDARD TOTAL (with delivery costs) = \$31.57/ton

Warranted Contracts 1995 to 1999

1. Asphalt Warranted bid price (average of 18 projects) ------\$24.34/ton

WARRANTED TOTAL \$24.34/ton

Warranted Contracts 2000

2. Asphalt Warranted bid price (average of six projects) -----\$29.45/ton

WARRANTED TOTAL \$29.45/ton

The cost analysis was broken into two separate categories 1995 to 1999 and 2000. The reason for this was to account for a large in increase in asphalt prices and also reflect the addition of ancillary pavements to the warranty in 2000.

Not considering construction delivery costs, the standard projects averaged \$27.72/ton versus \$24.34/ton for the warranted for the period from 1995 to 1999. Considering an estimated delivery cost, the standard projects averaged \$28.04/ton versus \$24.34/ton for the warranted for the period form 1995 to 1999. It is obvious that the warranted projects cost less per ton.

In conclusion, the warranty projects **cost less** per ton than standard projects and the difference appears significant. For the first 24 warranty projects, the available data indicate warranties are cost-effective – they not only cost less, but they also produce a better performing pavement. However, it should be noted that there have been a few warranty project bids that have been rejected due to differences between the engineer's estimate and the bids. See Analysis of Bids section of this report, page 4, for more detail.

Life Cycle Cost Analysis

Using performance data collected to date on warranty pavements and then applying deterioration models we are able to predict the longevity of the warranty pavements. Once that is completed a life cycle cost analysis can be performed to determine the cost benefits of warranties over the life of the pavement. The methodology is as follows:

- Performance and cost data is collected, analyzed and averaged (weighted averages) to establish a baseline or trend.
- The performance and rehabilitation models are run using the warranty baseline and a life expectancy is established.

- A timeline of expenditures is created for a warranty pavement out to 50 years, which is the DOT's standard.
- Then all costs are or expenditures are brought back to present worth.

Once a life cycle cost is developed in present worth dollars of warranty pavements a comparison can be made to the life cycle cost of a standard asphaltic pavement. Using the previously described methodology it has been determined that even at an initial cost of up to 7% greater, warranty pavements are still more cost effective than standard pavements.

Possible reasons why warranties cost less are:

- 1. The first nine warranty projects constructed had been carefully selected by WisDOT and industry to assure a win-win situation. However, the other 15 warranty projects were selected using the warranty selection criteria, which screens projects for their eligibility as a warranty project. The warranty selection process requires adequate subgrade support and incorporation of the correct subgrade design value into the pavement design. High-risk projects, i.e. those with poor subgrade support values have not been selected for warranties. On a side note, the DOT has implemented a new subgrade improvement initiative that should increase the number of projects that meet the warranty selection criteria.
- 2. Contractors have employed good materials science and construction practices along with a philosophy of quality production. Thus, good science, craftsmanship and skilled administration by the contractors seems to be more effective in producing a quality product than State supervision, inspection and testing. The state can not inspect/test for quality in a pavement. We can only prescribe tests that approximate quality.
- 3. There are cost savings inherent in removing prescriptive QC/QA procedures and eliminating State inspection, enabling the contractor to concentrate efforts on project specific needs rather than routine tests/inspections that are generic in nature.

Perhaps a better estimate of costs would be to consider all costs per mile of pavement rather than a per ton cost. The per mile costs would include mobilization, base course, etc., and would possibly represent a more reliable evaluation.

FHWA PERSPECTIVE

Historically, warranties have been used successfully in other countries and by some local governments on Non-Federal projects to protect highway investments from early failure. In the early 1990's FHWA initiated Special Experimental Project No. 14 (SEP-14). The objective of SEP-14 was to evaluate and document innovative contracting practices that have the potential to reduce the life cycle cost of projects, while at the same time maintaining or improving product quality. One of the innovative contracting practices with great potential is asphalt warranties. Since 1995 when the initial three asphalt warranty projects were let under SEP-14, WisDOT has let an additional 21 asphalt warranty projects using essentially the same performance criteria. FHWA believes that

both the objectives of SEP-14 and WisDOT's purpose in developing an asphalt warranty specification have been met and that warranties provide a benefit to WisDOT and the asphalt contracting industry.

The performance criteria for warranted projects were based on pavement management distress data for similar type projects. In other words, the performance criteria used to date is based on distress threshold levels equal to what would be expected for a well-constructed asphalt pavement. Now that the State and industry have gained experience in the use of warranties, the FHWA Division Office supports incorporation of asphalt warranties into the state's standard project development procedures, development of guidelines for appropriate use of warranties and evaluation of warranty thresholds and extending the length of warranties.

WISCONSIN INDUSTRY PERSPECTIVE

Some of the perspectives and concerns of the asphalt industry with warranties are shown below.

- The contractors would like to know if all the distresses that are measured now predict pavement performance or are there only a few that need to be measured? Presently WisDOT evaluates warranted pavements for: Alligator cracking, Block cracking, Edge raveling, Flushing, Longitudinal cracking, Distortion, Rutting, Raveling, Patching and potholes. WisDOT believes all these distress factors are essential for a comprehensive warranty to protect the public interest.
- There appears to be a lack of acceptance of warranty contracts by the designers. From the contractor's point of view, it appears that this may be an obstruction. WisDOT believes the problem is often timing, i.e., many projects were designed before warranties were implemented. As time passes and with some training, warranties should come to be more commonplace and be designed into the project.
- Not all projects are suitable for warranty. Warranty projects can become too
 expensive when design parameters are not placed on warranted projects. The
 concern is that the warranty has to be designed into the project not added on to
 it. If it is not designed into a project and the conditions are not correct, the
 contractor has to increase the price to defend against failure (which would add
 dollars to repair costs).
- · It must be kept in mind that the Hot Mix Asphalt industry can only warranty the product that they directly produce. One of the concerns with Asphaltic Pavement Warranted is that the paver is not responsible for the subgrade, which is an integral part of the pavement structure. Asphalt pavers are concerned that a poor subgrade can cause a failure in the best of pavements and in most cases the paving contractor has no control over the subgrade. The

fact that the warranty specification is designed to not hold the contractor responsible for such occurrences is helpful, but may not be the total solution.

- How long will it be until the industry and WisDOT feel that a five year warranty should be extended or the threshold distress levels be changed? Contractors are looking to revise the specification including adjusting the warranty length.
- Warranty projects have promoted the team concept among the contractor's employees. The results are an improved quality product. You can not inspect quality into a project. You must produce quality. In the warranty projects the contractor's employees and subcontractors are more aware of the value of their phase of the paving process and greater attention is paid to producing a quality project.
- · When needed, the contractor can react immediately to a change in the process. This quick reaction time helps produce a quality product. The contractor is responsible for the product. With this philosophy the contractor can make adjustments when necessary, saving time and money.

Industry Innovation on Warranty Projects

- Predicting durability of the mix design before producing the pavement, i.e., testing using the Georgia Loaded Wheel Tester, Homberg Tester and Superpave Level III testing helps the contractor to make adjustments without needing approval from the state agency saving valuable time and money.
- Using mix designs that require better materials than meet present WisDOT specifications.
- Closer tolerance in monitoring of the quality control process. The contractor is totally responsible for the product including quality control.
- Contractor quality assurance (QA) of all control systems. The contractor is totally responsible for the product and it's quality.
- Subcontractors and suppliers are required to meet strict specifications. Responsibility is distributed to all that have an interest in the product not just the paving contractor.
- Risk sharing with subcontractors and suppliers. The contractor now has to look at the best sub- contractor not necessarily the low bid.
- Rubblizing concrete pavement instead of the planned base patching with asphalt or concrete. Warranties allow for contractor innovation, for example, experimentation with a rounded sand interlayer to retard reflective cracking

and use of different combinations of polymers, additives and performance graded asphalt to see which performs the best.

- After using innovative construction procedures, the contractor tracks and monitors performance for the following years to see what process is cost effective and what is not.
- Scheduling the work progress, when possible so that traffic can use lower lifts of pavements before the final lift is put down. This tests pavement and grade performance immediately before the project is finished.

WisDOT PERSPECTIVE

A warranty contract is a positive direction for both WisDOT and the contractors. We have seen more awareness on the part of the contractor for both quality of workmanship and quantity of personnel, machinery, and material. For example, the contractor has taken more initiative in determining where additional material is most beneficial with stringlines, profilograph, and visual inspections prior to placement of the binder and surface courses. Other observations include:

- 1. Contractor had four rollers on the project to start the warranty work, and at times used all of them.
- 2. Contractor profilographed entire warranty segment on the binder course on both lanes.
- 3. Contractor's awareness of the bid price pay for 5% over the plan quantity (this helped assure no major overruns).

The experience with the AC warranty projects has been positive. Under their own initiative, contractors use the best practice, methods and procedures.

District staff required on warranty projects is minimal. A delivery cost savings is usually experienced. It is, however, difficult to know where to draw the line in construction operations as to when our project management people should do something or do nothing because of the contractor's responsibility for five years. The districts have not had to use the conflict resolution procedure, or do bond work. However, the designated players that are knowledgeable about each individual contract will change in time. This might get very confusing and hard to track/administer as these projects get more prevalent.

WisDOT believes that when the contractor tries a new technology or method the warranty specification should require that the DOT be notified so that DOT can be kept informed. Warranties are a catalyst for implementing new technology. However, WisDOT hopes that warranty projects do not become a shortcut for implementing research projects. No formal work plan is required or provisions to evaluate these sections, as is typical for research projects. New ideas tie in nicely with an attitude of constant improvement; accordingly, WisDOT should be informed of innovative construction procedures so a

monitoring plan can be developed to evaluate if the procedure should become part of the standard contracts.

SUMMARY

Estimating. There is a general interest by the Department in improving the accuracy of our project cost estimates. Warranty projects represent one small aspect of this emphasis area but it is an area that should benefit from a commitment to increase awareness of designers to the cost impact of warranty special provisions. The Asphaltic Pavement Warranted item is most often the major difference between the bid price and the engineer's estimate. With more time and projects a large database of unit prices will be developed which will improve the designers accuracy in estimating. Also the associated risk of a project to the contractor needs to be evaluated in order to accurately estimate the cost of a warranty. In order to improve WisDOT's estimating ability and increase the knowledge base it is suggested that designers discuss proposed warranty projects with the contractors early in the design phase.

Unit price comparisons. Warranty projects cost less than standardly administered projects. Even when ignoring State construction delivery costs (which would add still more costs to the standard projects), the warranty projects averaged \$24.34 per ton compared to \$27.72 per ton for standard projects from 1995 to 1999. The higher cost of warranties in 2000 can be attributed to the inclusion of ancillary pavements to the specification.

Construction engineering costs. The indications are that the Department's project delivery costs are lower on warranted projects than standard asphaltic pavement projects.

Performance and Quality. Considering ride and all forms of distress, the warranty projects are performing better than typical pavements of equal age.

Thresholds. No threshold has been exceeded; thus, there has been no need for remedial work.

Innovation. The contractors have been innovative in quality control, paving, use of additives, etc. In addition, the warranty concept has proven to be an innovative means for contract administration.

Cost effectiveness. The performance and costs of warranty projects indicate that warranties are indeed a cost-effective option for a state highway agency.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. An incentive provision could be made to reduce the warranty period or to pay the contractor for an exceptionally good performing pavement. Such a program would reward exceptional performance by giving the customers a superior pavement, and by creating an incentive for contractors to maximize performance. Maximizing performance would be based upon a pavement significantly exceeding typical performance. The warranty period would only be reduced once the exceptional performance is documented.
- 2. It is recommended that either the performance criteria be "tightened up" (adjusted to be more restrictive) for the same five year time period or the criteria remain the same but the warranty period increased. In either case, a warranted project would help assure a better quality, longer lasting pavement than could be obtained under a traditionally administered project.
- 3. The warranty concept must be factored earlier into the design process. WisDOT must foster the mindset that warranty work is an acceptable not experimental way of delivering a project.
- 4. Investigate the possibility of bidding all projects conventionally and with a warranty. WisDOT would award the bid based upon the conventional bid and then decide whether or not they wanted to buy the warranty.
- 5. A change in practice should be considered in which standard asphaltic pavement projects are identified as reasonable candidates for warranted projects. Candidate projects could be selected based on pre-established factors or combination of factors (for example, based on proximity, length, contractor, initial cost estimate, etc.).
- 6. Warranty projects can be fertile ground for innovation. However, WisDOT should be informed of such innovation so a monitoring plan can be developed. Accordingly, if a new product or test sections are built, the materials records, construction practices, etc. should be provided to the State. The mutual evaluation of the innovation may lead to implementation in other contracts.
- 7. Since WisDOT takes the risk of designing the pavement cross section and establishes the design concept (overlay, rehabilitation, reconstruction, etc.), any innovative change to the typical section (of the plan) must be approved by the WisDOT district office.
- 8. WisDOT should consider pursuing a full warranty implementation program (all projects being warranty candidates). For projects with "poor" subgrades, WisDOT should correct the problem and pave with a warranty.

APPENDICES

APPENDIX B - PAVEMENT PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

APPENDIX C - 2000 SPECIFIC PROJECT PERFORMANCE

APPENDIX A 2000 WARRANTY SPECIFICATION

Mainline Asphaltic Pavement, Warranted, Item 90370 Ancillary Asphaltic Pavement, Warranted, Item 90371

A. Description.

- A.1. General. This work consists of the construction and warranty of asphaltic pavement conforming to the lines and grades shown on the plans as directed by the engineer. The contractor will establish the job mix formula, select all materials, and be responsible for the pavement performance and warranty work on the finished pavement for five years following completion of the asphaltic pavement. The provisions of the warranty work apply to all asphaltic mixtures placed under the warranted asphaltic pavement bid items. Sections 401 through 414 of the Standard Specifications are deleted for the warranted asphaltic pavement bid items.
- A.2. Mainline Asphaltic Pavement, Warranted. This item consists of all asphaltic pavement placed on both the mainline traveled way and its adjacent mainline shoulders.
- A.3. Ancillary Asphaltic Pavement, Warranted. This item consists of all asphaltic pavement, placed on side roads, private and public entrances, ramps, tapers, turn lanes, the new pavement placed within 50 feet (15m) of a bridge deck, and other locations not described as Mainline Asphaltic Pavement, Warranted.
- **B.** Warranty. The necessary warranty bond for the asphaltic pavement items will be in effect for the entire five year warranty period beginning when the warranted pavement is completed and open to public traffic. The bonding company must have an A.M. Best rating of "A-" or better and the contractor will provide proof of a five year bond commitment before execution of the contract.

The warranty bond will be <u>\$</u> for the warranted asphaltic pavement. The bond will insure the proper and prompt completion of required warranty work following completion of the pavement, including payments for all labor, equipment, and materials used according to this specification.

For the first year of the warranty bond, the contractor shall provided documentation that the contract bond, which remains in effect for one year beyond the completion of the project, will also include warranty work, as described in Section G. For the remaining four year warranty period, the contractor shall provide documentation that the warranty bond will be provided in one of the following manners:

- A single term four year warranty bond.
- A two-year renewable, non-cumulative warranty bond for two consecutive terms.

If the warranted pavement is placed by a subcontractor rather than the contractor, the subcontractor performing the warranted work may provide the warranty bond for the remaining four year warranty period. If a subcontractor does provide the bond, it shall be a dual obligee bond, naming the contractor and the Wisconsin Department of Transportation as obligees. The subcontractor warranty bond will be one of the following:

- A single term four year warranty bond.
- A two-year renewable, non-cumulative warranty bond for two consecutive terms.

Failure of the contractor, sub-contractor or its surety to issue or renew the warranty bond will be considered a default and will result in forfeiture of 20% of the face amount of the bond to the Department.

All warranty work will be as prescribed in Section G. At the end of the warranty period, the contractor will be relieved of the responsibility to perform further warranty work, provided all previous

warranty work has been completed.

- C. Quality Control and Documentation. Prior to construction, the contractor will provide the engineer with a Quality Control Plan. The Quality Control Plan shall outline the contractor's material and construction control processes. At a minimum the plan shall include each of the following:
 - A list of the quality control tests that will be used to control the material and construction quality.
 - 2. The quality control sampling, testing and documentation frequencies.
 - The asphaltic pavement job mix formulas (JMF) planned for the project, and the method used to develop the JMF.
 - 4. A list of project materials.
 - The names of the two Conflict Resolution Team members that will represent the contractor, and a proposed third party member.

The engineer will provide the contractor the two names of the Conflict Resolution Team members that will represent the Department, and a response to the third party member proposed by the contractor, within ten days after receiving the Quality Control Plan. If the engineer disagrees with the third party member proposed by the contractor, the engineer will provide an alternate proposal and initiate discussion with the contractor to determine a mutually agreed upon member.

At the completion of the project, the contractor shall provide documentation of the project to the engineer. This documentation shall consist of all quality control test results performed to control materials and construction; and any changes made to typical widths and depths of subgrade, subbase, base, and surface.

D. Conflict Resolution Team. The Conflict Resolution Team will have the final authority to make decisions if a conflict occurs. The team will resolve disputes by a majority vote. The team will consist of two contractor representatives, two Department (District & Central Office) representatives, and a third party mutually agreed upon by both the Department and the contractor. The cost of the third party will be equally shared between the Department and the contractor. The team members will be identified in writing prior to the start of paving. The team will receive the Department Pavement Surface Distress Survey Training, when it is determined necessary to make a distress survey of the pavement to resolve a dispute.

E. Pavement Distress Surveys, Evaluations, and Contractor Monitoring.

E.1. Pavement Distress Surveys. The Department's Bureau of Highway Construction will conduct a pavement distress survey of the warranted mainline asphaltic pavement during the first year following construction. For the remaining years of the warranty period, the Bureau will conduct distress surveys of the mainline pavement according to the normal surveying cycle of the Bureau, between April 15 and May 15; or if requested by the contractor or district. The Bureau's surveying cycle is dependent on the location of the highway and the highway classification. The Department's Pavement Surface Distress Survey Manual will be used to determine and measure the different types of distress.

The pavement distress surveys will be conducted by dividing the highway system into nominal onemile sections. Two one-tenth mile segments in each mile will be evaluated for pavement distress. One of the segments evaluated will be between 0.3 and 0.4 miles from the start of the section. The second one-tenth mile segment will be selected randomly by the Department. If areas other than the surveyed segments are suspected of meeting or exceeding a threshold level, the Department will divide the entire mainline project pavement into 0.1 mile segments and conduct a distress survey in any, or all, segment(s). The distress survey results will be made available to the district, central office, contractor, and FHWA within 14 days after completion of the survey. Pavement distress threshold criterion are listed in Section F.

If any of the threshold level criterion are met and the contractor agrees to the validity of the pavement distress survey results, the contractor will remedy the distress. Remedial work shall be determined according to Section G. If any of the threshold level criterion are met and the contractor does not agree to the validity

of the pavement distress survey results, written notification of the dispute will be made to the engineer by June 15. The Conflict Resolution Team will resolve the dispute.

E.2. Ancillary Pavement Evaluation, Fifth Year. In the fifth year of the warranty period, and in the interim years if requested by the contractor or district, a department and a contractor representative will, together, review and evaluate the project's Ancillary Asphaltic Pavement, Warranted. The pavement will be evaluated for performance in regards to its intended purpose.

If both the department representative and the contractor representative agree on the pavement's performance and necessary remedial work, the contractor will remedy the distress. If the two evaluators are not in agreement on the need for or type of remedial work, the Conflict Resolution Team will resolve the dispute. If any of the conditions described in the footnotes of the table in Section F are met, the contractor will be relieved of performing the remedial action for the described pavement distress.

- E.3. Contractor Monitoring. During the warranty period, the contractor may monitor the pavement using nondestructive procedures. Coring, milling or other destructive procedures may not be performed by the contractor, without approval of the engineer.
- F. Table of Distress Types, Threshold Levels, and Remedial Action. The Department will include each of the distress types listed below in the mainline pavement survey. The table lists the remedial action required for each distress type when the corresponding threshold level criterion is met.

DISTRESS TYPE	THRESHOLD LEVELS	REMEDIAL ACTION
Alligator Cracking**	≥1% of the area in a segment.	Remove and replace distressed layer(s). The removal area shall be equal to 150% of the distressed surface to a depth not to exceed the warranted pavement.
Block Cracking	≥1% of the area in a segment.	Remove and replace distressed layer(s). The removal area shall be equal to 110% of the distressed surface to a depth not to exceed the warranted pavement.
Edge Raveling	≥10% of the segment length.	Remove and replace distressed layer(s). The removal area shall be equal to 110% of the distressed surface to a depth not to exceed the warranted pavement.
Flushing	≥20% of the segment length.	Remove and replace distressed surface mixture full depth.
Longitudinal Cracking (shoulder line cracking is excluded from the segment measurements).	>1000 linear feet for cracks which average greater than 1/2 inch in width	Rout and seal all cracks with rubber crack filling material, or agreed upon equal.
	>1000 linear feet with 25% of the linear feet having band cracking or dislodgement.	If over 1000 feet, remove pavement and replace for the affected depth. If less than or equal to 1000 feet, place a patch 2 feet in width and 2 feet longer than the crack length, for the affected depth or agreed upon equal.
Longitudinal Distortion	≥1% of the segment length.	Remove and replace distressed layer(s). The removal area shall be equal to 110% of the distressed surface to a depth not to exceed the warranted pavement.

Rutting *	≥0.25 inches in depth, <0.5 inches in depth.	Remove ruts by milling surface with fine-tooth mill, overlaying, or micro surfacing.
	≥0.5 inches in depth.	Remove and replace surface layer.
Surface Raveling	≥Slight (for segregation, a slight rating is three or more segregated areas per segment. A segregated area is 30 square feet or more in size).	Apply a chip seal coat or partial depth repair.
Transverse Cracking***	When the warranted asphaltic pavement is constructed over a granular base course material, >25 cracks per segment which have a average open width greater than 1/2 inch.	Rout and seal all cracks with a rubberized crack filler, or approved equal.
	When the warranted asphaltic pavement is constructed over concrete pavement, >50 cracks per segment which have an average open width greater than 1/2 inch.	Rout and seal all cracks with a rubberized crack filler, or approved equal.
	>25 cracks per segment with 25% of the linear feet of cracking having band cracking or dislodgement.	Remove and replace distressed layer(s) to a depth not to exceed the warranted pavement.
Transverse Distortion	≥1% of the segment length.	Remove and replace distressed layer(s). The removal area shall be equal to 110% of the distressed surface to a depth not to exceed the warranted pavement.
Patching **, ***	≥150 linear feet of patching per segment (excluding longitudinal cracking remedial action).	Remove and replace the surface layer or place a minimum 1-1/4" overlay.
Potholes, slippage areas and other disintegrated areas.	Any presence of this type of distress.	Remove and replace the distressed area(s). The removal area will be equal to 150% of the distressed area to a depth not to exceed the warranted pavement.
		SES 65

* Rutting depth and length will be initially identified using standard WisDOT procedures. If rutting depth meets the threshold criterion, the final rut depth and length will be established by a method mutually agreed upon by the contractor and the Department.

The rutting threshold level is waived when the accumulated ESAL's are 50% or more above the projected fifth year accumulated ESAL's. The contractor will only be responsible for mixture and placement problems.

** When the warranted asphaltic pavement is constructed over a granular base course material, the

contractor will be relieved of the responsibility for remedial action for Alligator Cracking if the area in question is of proper thickness (not thinner than 0.5 inches from plan thickness) and the average recovered penetration of the surface course asphalt cement is above 30 and one (or more) of the following are true:

- 1. the base is plan thickness minus 2.0 inches or thinner, or
- 2. the subgrade density is less than 90% of optimum, or
- 3. the actual accumulated ESAL's are 50% or more above the projected fifth year accumulated ESAL's.
- *** When the warranted asphaltic pavement is constructed over concrete pavement, the contractor will be relieved of the responsibility for remedial action for Transverse Cracking and Patching of the pavement if the area in question is of proper thickness (not thinner than plan thickness minus 0.5 inches) and the concrete pavement below the warranted pavement has experienced a blow up, joint disintegration, or similar failure.
- G. Warranty Work. The contractor shall perform Warranty Work, during the five year warranty period, at no additional cost to the Department. Warranty work consists of remedial work, elective/preventive maintenance, and the required fourth year crack routing and sealing. The contractor shall maintain insurance, for performing warranty work, as specified in Section 107.26 of the Standard Specifications throughout the five year warranty period.

During warranty work operations, traffic control will be as specified in Section 643 of the Standard Specifications and all will conform to Part 6 of the Wisconsin Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices. The contractor will document all warranty work performed and annually provide this information to the Pavement Performance Section of the Department's Bureau of Highway Construction.

If warranty work necessitates a corrective action to the pavement markings, adjacent lane(s), or shoulders, that additional corrective action will be the responsibility of the contractor.

The contractor will not be held responsible for distresses which are caused by factors beyond the control of the contractor. Emergency repairs of these distresses will be the responsibility of the Department.

G.1. Remedial Work. Remedial work will be based on the results of the mainline pavement distress surveys or the ancillary pavement evaluation. Remedial work shall be performed in the same calendar year that the pavement distresses were recorded. Remedial work to be performed and materials to be used will be the joint decision of the contractor and the engineer. The contractor will not be responsible for damages that result from coring, milling or other destructive procedures conducted by the Department.

For mainline asphaltic pavement segments that meet the distress threshold level criterion of the table in Section F, the contractor shall perform the remedial work prescribed in the remedial action column of the table. The remedial work shall be performed in all segments of the project where a threshold level is met. The remedial work shall be applied to the entire segment(s) and the adjacent lanes and asphaltic shoulders.

For distressed ancillary asphaltic pavement and distressed mainline shoulders not adjacent to distressed mainline pavement the contractor shall perform remedial work as mutually determined by the contractor and the engineer.

If, at anytime during the warranty period, 30 percent or more of the project segments require or have received remedial action, then the entire project will receive remedial action as mutually determined by the contractor and the engineer.

The contractor will have the first option to perform the remedial work. If, in the opinion of the engineer, the problem requires immediate attention for the safety of the traveling public, and the contractor cannot perform the remedial work within eight hours, the engineer may have the remedial work done by other forces and at the contractor's expense. Remedial work performed by other forces will not alter the

requirements, responsibilities, or obligations of the warranty.

- G.2. Elective/Preventive Maintenance. Elective/preventive maintenance will be a contractor option. Elective/preventive maintenance to be performed and materials to be used will be coordinated jointly by the contractor and the engineer.
- G.3. Required Fourth Year Crack Routing and Sealing. During the fourth year of pavement service, the contractor shall route and seal the cracks of the mainline and ancillary pavement which extend through the full depth of the surface course with a rubberized crack filler or approved equal material.
- H. Method of Measurement. The warranted asphaltic pavement bid items will be measured by the ton, based on the quantity of mixture placed, completed, and accepted. The contractor will present certified records of shipment for the quantities placed under this special provision.

The Department will measure Mainline Asphaltic Pavement, Warranted, as specified above up to a maximum of 105% of the plan quantity.

The Department will measure Ancillary Asphaltic Pavement, Warranted, as specified above up to a maximum of 105% of the plan quantity, or the quantity mutually agreed to by the contractor and engineer.

I. Basis of Payment. Mainline Asphaltic Pavement, Warranted; and Ancillary Mainline Asphaltic Pavement, Warranted, as measured above, will be paid for at the contract unit price, that price will be full compensation for furnishing, preparing, hauling, mixing and placing all materials, including asphaltic materials; for compacting mixtures; for preparation of foundation, unless otherwise provided; for the warranty bond(s), and warranty work; for the Quality Control Plan, and required documentation; for traffic control; and for all labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

APPENDIX B PAVEMENT PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

WARRANTY PROJECTS

PAVEMENT PERFORMANCE SUMMARY OF ALL PROJECTS

							ĺ		PR	DJEC	T PE	RFO	RMAN	ICE			
							19	96	1997		19	98	1999		20	00	
DIST	HWY	FROM RP	PLUS	TO RP	PLUS	PROJECT LENGTH	AVG IRI	AVG PDI	AVG IRI	AVG PDI	AVG IRI	AVG PDI	AVG IRI	AVG PDI	AVG IRI	AVO	
		1995 C	ONSTRU	CTION													
1	11E	111		116	0.54	4.87	0.85	1	0.81	3	0.83	2	0.77	3	0.88	1	
6	85E	23		27T		4.05	0.83	8	0.93	10	0.91	15	1.12	16	1.19	16	
7	45N	261		270		8.12	1.20	6	0.66	5	0.81	7	88.0	12	0.86	9	
		1996 C	ONSTRU	CTION													
6	35N	197		204		6.70			0.79	0	0.91	0	0.81	9	0.90	3	
7	70E	180	0.16	191		7.4			0.77	0	0.84	0	0.79	10	0.71	7	
2	23E	198		208A		7.97			1.02	2	1.22	3	1.36	14	1.16	27	
		1997 C	ONSTRU	CTION											-	-	
5	21E	4		15		14.63					0.78	0	0.77	2	0.78	1	
3	54E	259G	0.51	264	0.64	4.18	1000				0.93	1	0.93	11	0.86	4	
6	63N	21A		31		10.20					0.90	0	0.90	0	0.90	2	
		1998 C	ONSTRU	CTION													
6	35N	275		282	0.50	5.59							1.09	0	0.97	1	
4	54E	122		124		1.11							0.86	7	0.81	7	
5	60E	33		38		4.26							0.94	0	0.96	.0	
5	95E	48		60		8.90							0.91	2	0.82	0	
-		1999 C	ONSTRU	CTION					14-7								
6	27N	230		240		8.99									0.83	4	
5	35N	159		178		15.53									0.70	1	
4	139N	347		357		10.47								10-11	0.84	0	
4	1395	357		347		10.49									88.0	0	
5	80N	94K		101		3.66							and a		0.93	0	

APPENDIX C 2000 SPECIFIC PROJECT PERFORMANCE

WARRANTY PROJECT SUMMARY

STH 11 E ROCK CO. ORFORDVILLE - FOOTVILLE PROJECT ID : 1701-05-72 Contrador: Rock Road

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER FLEXIBLE BASE

SURVEY YEAR (Date)					SECTION	LOCATI	ON			DISTRESS THRESHOLDS												R	
	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST SEGMENT	DIST TO SEG	SECTION LENGTH	FROM	DIST	TO RP	PLUS	ALL-GOR	BLOCKCE	E D G E R A V	LUSH	LONGCR	*-020r	R U T	SURFRAV	TRANSCR	T K A N D - S	PATCH		D E AVG	
								нтетно	D LEVELS		6 of m: area	seg igt	20% seg igt	1000 lin ft *	1% sep igt	.25 in	slight	25/seg	1% seg igt	160 tie ft	any		1
1996 3-21-96	STH 213	PLYMOUTH TN LN	Control Random	.3	0.84	111		112						<500°		0.12		1				0.85	Ī
	PLYMOUTH TN LN	WELSH RD	Control	.3 1,0	1.70	112		114								0.12		i estado				0.83	l
	WELSH RD	S. FOOTVILLE RD	Control Random	.3	0.99	114		116								0.12						C.84	l
	S. FOOTVILLE RD	SECTION LINE	Control Random	.6	1,34	115		116	0.54							0.13						0.89	
	AVERAGE															0.12						0.85	Ť
1997 5-13-97	STH 213	PLYMOUTH TN LN	Control Random	.3	0.84	111		112						<100°	100	0.11		2				0.90	I
	PLYMOUTH TN LN	WELSH RD	Control	3	1.70	112		114						100		0.10		4				0.77	l
	WELSHRD	S. FOOTVILLE RD	Control Random	.3	0.99	114		115						<500° <500°	71	0.11		3				0.82	l
	S. FOOTVILLE RD	SECTION LINE	Control Random	.3 .6	1.34	115		116	0.64			berran			000-000	0.10		1	V.,			0.82	ı
	AVERAGE			*****											-	0.10						0.81	^
1998 3/25/1998	STH 213	PLYMOUTH TN LN	Control Random	.3	0.84	111		112			0000			59' 57"		0,18		3				0.82	
	PLYMOUTH TN LN	WELSH RD	Control Random	1.0	1.70	112		114								0.20						0.79	
	WELSH RD	S. FOOTVILLE RD	Control Random	.3	0.96	114		116						528' 100'		0.18		2 2				0.85	١
	S. FOOTVILLE RD	SECTION LINE	Control Random	.3 .6	1.34	115		116	0.54							0.20		1				0.88	
	AVERAGE					_		_	_				-		_	0.19						0.83	_
1999 4/29/1999	STH 213	PLYMOUTH TN LN	Control Random	.3	0.84	111		112						68 50		0.05		1 4				0.76	١
	PLYMOUTH TN LN	WELSH RD	Control Random	1.0	1.70	112		114						63		0.08		el I			1	0.74	l
	WELSHRD	S. FOOTVILLE RD	Control Random	.3	0.99	114		115						495 105		0,08		3				0.78	١
	S. FOOTVILLE RD	SECTION LINE	Control Random	.3	1.34	115	1201/71	116	0.54				. 9			0.07		1				0.80	
	AVERAGE									_						90,0					_	6.77	Ξ
2000	STH 213	PLYMOUTH TN LN	Control Random	.3	0.84	111		112						74		0.04		2 4				0.97	ı
	PLYMOUTH TN LN	WELSHRD	Control	3	1,70	112		114						63		0.02					1	0.79	
	WELSH RD	8. FCOTVILLE RD	Control	3	0.99	114		115				1	100	500 226		0.03		3			1	0.85	1
	S. FOOTVILLE RD	SECTION LINE	Control Random	.3	1.34	115		116	0.54					5		0.08	v- 90	1				0.98	
	AVERAGE											-				0.04		-		_	_	0.88	*

Cracks average 1/2-inch or less in width. Mnimum threshold is 1000 lineal feet per segment.

^{***} Minimum threshold is 25 cracks per segment.

WARRANTY PROJECT SUMMARY

STH 85 E
EAU CLAIRE CO.
DURAND - EAU CLAIRE ROAD
PROJECT ID : 7120-01-71
Contractor Multy

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER FLEXIBLE BASE

SURVEY YEAR (Dete)	FROM PEATURE	9			SECTION	LOCAT	ION			DISTRESS THRESHOLDS											R		
		TO FEATURE	TEST SEGMENT	DIST TO SEG	SECTION LENGTH	FROM RP	PLUS DIST	TO RP	PLUS DIST	ALLIGOR	Brocker		FLUSH	LONGCR	L 0 # 8 D - 8	RUT	SURFRAY	TRANSCR		PATCH		D E AVG IRI	
			211 - 22				THE	нивност	LEVELS	101 Mg/me		10% seg kgt	seg lgt	1000 fn ft *	1% seg igt	.25 in.	signt	25/ong	1% seg igr	150 in ft			
1996 3-20-96	DUNN'EAU CLAIRE	SECTION LINE	Control	-	0.96	23		23	0.98							0.08							
2-411-90		(100 S) 46 (10 S) 65 (10 S)	Random	4	20000		10000		2.00					- 1	- 9	26.00		10			П	0.81	
	SECTION LINE	MAPLE DR RD	Random	.5	1.00	23	0.96	25	- 1					100	- 1	0.09		5		0 8		0.89	
	MAPLE DR RD	CEMETERY RD	Control Random	.3	1.02	25		26M	- 1					<500		0.09	8 1	6 5				0.83	1
	CEMETERY RD	STH 37	Control	.3	1.07	26M		271	: 1							0.07		6				0.82	
	AVERAGE		Random	.1					_	-		_	_	_		9.08	_	6		_	_	0.83	1
1997	MYENNIGE			_			_								_	9.00						0,90	Τ,
	DUNN/EAU CLAIRE	SECTION LINE	Control Random	.3	0.96	23		23	0.96							90.0		8 14				0.76	1
	SECTION LINE	MAPLE DR RD	Control Random	.5	1.00	23	0.96	25								0.10		7				0.89	
	MAPLE DR RD	CEMETERY RD	Control	.3	1.02	25		26M	1					<500		0.10		6				0.70	11
6	CEMETERY RD	STH 37	Control	3	1.07	26M		27T	ξ., I		-					0.08	, 1	5				1.36	1
	AVERAGE		Random	1			~	-		-	-					0.09		7			_	0.93	L
100.0	AVERGUE			-			-		_	_	-	-		-	-	0.09		_	-	-	-	0.93	1
1998 1/12/1998	DUNN/EAU CLAIRE	SECTION LINE	Control Random	.3	0.96	23		23	0.96							0.06	9 1	B 12				0.88	
	SECTION LINE	MAPLE DR RD	Control	.4	1.00	23	0.98	25	- 1							0.07		7				1.00	
	MAPLE DR RO	CEMETERY RD	Random	.5	1.02	25		26M					-	<500	ij	0.07		8 7				0.83	1
	CEMETERY RD	STH 37	Random Control	.7	1.07	26M		2/T								0.06		7				0.94	2 2
	ALCO ACC		Random	.1		_	_	-	_		_	-	-	_	-	0.00	_	7	_	_	_		12
1999	AVERAGE		_	-		-		-	_			-		_	_	0.06	-		-	-	_	0.91	1
	DUNN/EAU CLAIRE	SECTION LINE	Control Random	.3	0.98	23		23	0.96					385 55		0.04		8				0.98	1
	SECTION LINE	MAPLE DR RD	Control	4	1.00	23	0.96	25						15	1	0.04	0 8	7 4				1.07	
	MAPLE DR RD	CEMETERY RD	Control	.3	1.02	25		26M						430		0.05	1	7				0.89	1
	CEMETERY RD	STH 37	Random Control	.7	1.07	26M		277						0		0.07		7				1.52	2
	AVERAGE		Random	.1		_		_	_		_	_	_	0	_	0.05		7		_		1.15	1 2
2000	AVERVICE			-		_			-					-	_	0.00	-	_	-	-	-	1.12	Τ,
	DUNN/EAU CLAIRE	SECTION LINE	Control	.3	0.96	23		23	0.96					394		0.06	9	8 11	-			1.06	1
	SECTION UNE	MAPLE DR RD	Control	.4	1,00	23	0.96	25		8 8						0.05		8				1.20	
	MAPLE DR RD	CEMETERY RD	Random Control	.5	1.02	25		26M						416	- 1	0.04	8 1	6				1.05	
	CEMETERY RD	STH 37	Random	.7	1.07	26M		27T								0.00		7 7				1.43	2 2
			Random	.1	I				- 1		- 1			10 01		ı 1	11	7	- 1	- 1	- 1		2

^{*} Cracks average 1/2-inch or less in width. Mulmum tiveshold is 1000 fixed feet per segment.

Minimum threshold is 25 cracks per segment.

WARRANTY PROJECT SUMMARY

USH 45 N LANGLADE CO. CTH B - CTH J PROJECT ID : 1602-04-71 Contractor: Northeast Aspnat

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER FLEXIBLE BASE

					SECTION	LOCATIO	DN			A	-	F	F	DISTR	ESS TH	RESHO	LDS S	-	-		P	R	1
SURVEY YEAR (Date)	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST SEGMENT	DIST TO SEG	SECTION LENGTH	FROM RP	PLUS DIST	TO RP	PLUS	(LL-608	TOCKOR	0 G E R A V	L U S H	0 8 8 0 8	0 N G D - 3	T	URFRAV	R 4 2 5 G R	RANGES	ATCH	BTOHIO	D E AVG	
							"	- PESHOLI	DIEWELLS	segme	% of nt area	10% 10%		1000 In 8 *	eng igt		sign	25/seg	1% seg igt	150 in ft	any		l
1996 3-24-96	стн в	стн с	Control Random	3 2	1.02	261		262								0.09		2				1.34	l
	CTHC	BRANCH RD	Control Randons	1.0	1.48	262		264						<500		0.09		4 2	9			1.56	l
	BRANCH RD	CTHV	Control Random	.3	0.97	264		265								0.08		1				1.17	l
	CTHV	CTH J	Control Random	.3 .0	0,94	265		266								0.00		3				0.00	ļ
	CTH J	SECTION LINE	Control Randoni	1.4	1.57	286		268	2000					<500		0.09		3				1.12	١
	SECTION LINE	SECTION LINE	Control Randons	.5	1.07	268	1.57	266	2.64					<500 <500		0.08		1 2				1.07	I
-10-3	SECTION LINE	CTHJ	Control Random	.3	1.07	266	2.64	270						<500 <500		0.07		3				1.05	Ì
	AVERAGE								=		_	=				0,08			_	_		1,20	Į
1997 1-23-97	стнв	CTH C	Control Randont	.3 .2	1,02	261		262								0.09		2				0.66	ı
	CTH C	BRANCH RD	Control	.3	1,48	262		264						<500		0.08		5 2				0.64	I
	BRANCH RD	CTHV	Control	.3	0,97	284		265						-34		0.07		1				0.71	İ
	CTHV	СТНЈ	Centrol	.3	0.94	265		265								0.09		2 3			-	0.60	
	CTHJ	SECTION LINE	Control	.3	1.57	200		268						<500		0.08		4				0.62	I
	SECTION LINE	SECTION LINE	Control Random	.5	1.07	266	1.57	268	2.84					<500 <500		0.08		1 2				0.67	I
	SECTION LINE	CTHJ	Control Random	.5	1,07	286	2.64	270						<500 <500		0.06		3				0.75	l
	AVERAGE															9,08						0.66	1
1998 17/1998	CTH B	CTHC	Control	.3	1.02	261		262		1		9				0.10		3				0.77	ļ
	CTHC	BRANCH RD	Random Control	.2	1.48	262		264								0.10		2 5				0.80	İ
	BRANCH RD	CTHV	Random	1.0	0.97	264		265		1 8				80°		0.12		1				0.88	I
	CTHV	СТНЈ	Random Control	.6	0.94	265		266						475		0.09		2				0.74	l
	СТНЈ	SECTION LINE	Random Control	.8	1.57	266		268	- 17					125"		0,11		4				0.74	l
	SECTION LINE	SECTION LINE	Random Centrol	.3	1.07	266	1.57	265	2.54					316° 270°		0.10		,				0.82	l
	SECTION LINE	CTHJ	Random Control	.5	1.07	266	2.64	270		8 8				380° 500°		0,11		4				0.96	l
_	AVERAGE	1000000	Random	.6						_			_	500*		0.10	_	5	_		_	0.81	Ī
1999				-	·																		Ī
25/1909	XXXXXXXXXXX	стис	Control Random	.3		261		262						85 0		0.09		2				0.88	l
	CTHC	BRANCH RD	Control Random	1.0		262		264						100 205		0.08		3				0.86	ı
	BRANCH RD	CTHV	Control Random	.6	100000	264		265		-				528		0.11		0				0.99	١
	CTHV	СТНЈ	Random	.3		265		266						110		0.07		3			- 1	0.79	l
1	СТНЈ	SECTION LINE	Random	1.4		266		268	200	1 3		1		670 ***		6.08		5 2				0.79	l
		SECTION LINE	Random	.5		260	1.57	266	2.64					475		0.07		3			- 1	0,88	Į
	SECTION LINE	CINJ	Control Random	.8		266	2.64	270		ś				528 528		80.0		5				1.06	I
	AVERAGE															80.0						88.0	ļ
2000	стн в	стнс	Control	.3	1.02	261		262						210		0.13		2				0.84	
	стнс	BRANCH RD	Random Control	3	1.48	202		264						56 195 260		0.11		5				0.85	
	BRANCH RD	CTHV	Random Control	.3	0.97	284		265						123		0.14		1				0.90	
	CTHV	СТНЈ	Random Control	.3	0.94	265		265						173		0.13		4				0.77	ĺ
	CTHJ	SECTION LINE	Random	.8	1.57	265		268						164		0.11		5				0.82	
	SECTION LINE	SECTION UNE	Random Control	.3	1.07	286	1.57	205	2.64					237		0.12		2				0.85	
	SECTION LINE	СТНЈ	Random	.5	1.07	296	2.64	270			3			310 519		0.15		4				0.99	
			Random	.6										528		0.12		5					Į

Cracks average 15-inch or less in width. Minimum threshold is 1000 linear feet per segment.

Minimum threshold is 25 cracks per segment.
 Culvert Patch 1.15 mi viro section.

MOST RECENT SURVEY RESULTS

STH 35N
PEPIN CO.
STOCKHOLM - PEPIN ROAD
PROJECT ID : 7180-09-75
Contractor: Mathy

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER FLEXIBLE BASE

SURVEY YEAR (Des)	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	SECTION LOCATION							DISTRESS THRESHOLDS R											1		
			TEST SEGMENT	DIST TO SEG	SECTION LENGTH		PLUS DIST	TO RP	PLUS DIST	ALLIGOR	BLOCKOR	EDGERAV	FLUSH	LONGUR		RUT	5 U R F R 4 V	T R A N S C R	T R A N D 1 S	P A T C H	7 0 T H O L E	D E AVG	
						-23	79	MESHO),	DLEVELS		of or anea	1% seg igt	20% seg lgt	1000 lin ft."	1% sing light	.25 in.	slight	25/seg	1% sog igt		any		T
1997 4-24-97	CTHN	стн ос	Control	.3	0.92	197		198								0.00		4		0		0.67	T
			Random	.5	133													188					1
	CTH CC	LAKEPORT RD	Random	.3	1,01	198		199			-				9	0.10					-	0.68	1
	LAKEPORT RD	LOST CREEK STR	Control	.3	1,35	199		200		- 1						0.11						0.79	4
	LOST CREEK STR	SECTION LINE	Random Control	.3	1.32	200		200	1.32							0.12		1				0.87	1
	SECTION LINE	стн ш	Random	.6	1.04	200	1,32	203					1 13			0.11		1				0.93	J
			Random	.7																			1
	CTH JJ	CIH 1	Random	.3	1.06	203		204								0.11						0.78	1
1998	AVERAGE							-								0.10		_		_		0.79	7
12/1998	CTHN	GTH CC	Control	. 3	0.92	197		198								0.06		1				0.85	I
	CTH CC	LAKEPORT RD	Random Control	.5	1,01	198		199				9 1				0.04		2				0.79	ı
	LAKEPORT RD	LOST CREEK STR	Random	.9	1.36	199		200								0.05		Ţ.,					1
			Random	.4														2				0.93	ı
	LOST CREEK STR	SECTION LINE	Control Random	.5	1.32	200		200	1.32						ō 11	0,04		1				1.00	ı
	SECTION LINE	CTH 11	Control	.7	1.04	200	1.32	203								0.05		100				0.99	١
	стн ш	CTH J	Control	.3	1.06	203		204					l X			0.04						0.91	١
_	AVERAGE		Random			_	-	-	_		_		_		_	0.04	_	-	-	_	-	0.91	7
1999	CTU N	anues.	Commi	-	0.00	407		100						-	7 0								T
26/1999		CTH CC	Random	.5	0.92	197		198								0.04		4				0.76	ı
	CTH CC	LAKEPORT RD	Control Random	.3	1.01	198		199						l		0.02		3				0,71	١
	LAKEPORT RD	LOST CREEK STR	Control	.3	1,35	199		200								0.03		2				0.80	1
	LOST CREEK STR	SECTION LINE	Random Control	.4	1.32	200		200	1.32							0.03		0				0.90	ı
	SECTION LINE	стн ш	Random	.8	1.04	200	1.32	203								0.03		6				0.89	ı
			Random	.7												0.03		0					1
	CTH JJ	CTH J	Control Random	,3 ,1	1.06	203		204								0.03		0				0.80	l
2000	AVERAGE			_				_	-		-	_				0.03						0.81	Т
	CTH N	CTH CC	Control	.3	0.92	197		198			ı	Y 4		0		0.11		3				0.76	١
	CTH CC	LAKEPORT RD	Random Control	.3	1.01	198		199						0		0.07		3				0.68	١
	LAKEPORT RD	LOST CREEK STR	Random Control	.9	1.35	199		200						0		0.05		5 2				0.81	I
	LOST CREEK STR		Random	.4	1.32	200		200						0				4					١
		SECTION LINE	Control Random	.6	1.84	200		200	1.32					0		0.03		0				1.37	ł
	SECTION LINE	CTH JJ	Control Random	.3	1.04	200	1.32	203	- 1					0		0.05		0			-	0.86	١
	CTH JJ	CTH J	Control	.3	1,06	203		204						0		0.05		0				0.82	١
	AVERAGE		Randon									-	_	-	-	0.05	_	-	_	-	_	0.90	_
2001	CTH N	CTH CC	Control	.3	0.92	197	100	198						0		0.10		5	10			0.79	I
			Random	.5	333				- 1					0				6					١
	CTH CC	LAKEPORT RD	Control Random	.3	1.01	198		199						5		0.05		3				0.62	1
	LAKEPORT RD	LOST CREEK STR	Control Random	.3	1.35	199		200						41		0.04		3 6				0.91	1
	LOST CREEK STR	SECTION LINE	Cantral	.3	1.32	200		200	1.32			- 1		0		0.04		2				0.89	1
	SECTION LINE	CTH JJ	Random Control	.6	1.04	200	1,32	203						0		0.06		1				1.00	1
	CTH JJ	CTH J	Random Control	.7	1.06	203		204				1		0 26		0.05		1 4	8 1			0.84	١
	O.H 33	oin a	Random	.1	1.00	243		404	- 1	- 1		- 4	- 8	0	1	41,05		3				0.04	1

Minimum threshold is 1000 lineal feet of cracks averaging greater than 1/2-inch in width.

^{*}Threshold is 25 cracks per segment that average greater than 1/2-inch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are banded.

STH 76E ONEIDA CO. NORTH COUNTY LINE - USH 51 PROJECT ID: 9079-03-79 Contractor: Northeast Asphale

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER FLEXIBLE BASE

					SECTION	LOCAT	ION						D	ISTR	ESS TR	HRESH	OLDS	8				R	١
SURVEY YEAR Deal	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST SEGMENT	DIST TO SEG	SECTION LENGTH	FROM RP	DIST	TO RP	PLUS DIST	A L L - GCR	-	ED GERAV	F L U S H	1000 R		T 25 in.		T R A N S C R	T R A N D 1 S 1%	P A T C N	BOLHOTA	D E AVG	
1007				_	_	_				sogme	rt area	seg igt	seg igi	Bo it "	seg tyt		_	***	seg igt	in it		-	+
1997 4-23-97	VILA / ONE CO. LN.	SQUIRREL LAKE RD	Control	.3	1.29	180	0.15	183				h s				0.09						0.75	1
	SQUIRREL LAKE RD	BELLWOOD DR	Random Control Random	.3	1.72	183		165								0.10		1				0.72	١
	BELLWOOD DR	CHIMPMUNK DR	Control	.3	1.80	185		187								0.09		000				0.88	1
	CHIMPMUNK DR	HOWER RD	Random Control	.3	1.29	167		189				1 8				0.10			-			0.74	١
	HOWER RD	BLUMSTEIN RD	Random Control Random	.7	1.27	189		191								0.10						0.78	
	AVERAGE			_									_	_		0.10	-				=	0.77	<u></u>
1998 3/24/1998	VILA/ONEI CO. LN.	SQUIRREL LAKE RD	Control Random	.3	1.29	180	0.18	183								0.06						0.87	1
	SQUIRREL LAKE RD	BELLWOOD DR	Control	.3	1.72	183		185								0.07		1				0.75	1
	BELLWOOD DR	CHIMPMUNK DR	Control Random	.3	1,60	185		187								0.06						0.96	١
	CHIMPMUNK DR	HOWER RD	Control Random	.3	1.29	187		189						1		0.06		1				0.78	1
	HOWER RD	BLUMSTEIN RD	Control Random	.3	1.27	189		191								0.07						0.82	
	AVERAGE										_		_	\equiv		0.06	_					0.84	
1909 S/25/1998	VILAS / ONEIDA CO. LN.	SQUIRREL LAKE RD	Control Random	.3	1.29	180	0.16	163								0.04		3				0.78	
	SQUIRREL LAKE RD	BELLWOOD DR	Control	.3	1.72	163		185								0.03		2 4				0.70	1
	BELLWOOD DR	CHIMPMUNK DR	Control Random	3	1,60	185		187								0.04		4		15		0.90	
	CHIMPMUNK DR	HOWER RD	Control	3 7	1.29	167		189								0.00		3				0.72	
	HOWER RD	BLUMSTEIN RD	Control Random	3 2	1.27	189		191								0.03		0				0.85	
	AVERAGE		T real age in	-						_				-		0.03	_				_	0.79	1
2000	VILAS / ONEIDA CO. LN.	SOURREL LAKE RD	Control	.3	1.29	180	0.16	183				21				0.06		3				0.71	I
	SQUIRREL LAKE RD	BELLWOOD DR	Random	.6	1.72	183		185						49		0.06		5				0.69	
	BELLWOOD DR	CHIMPMUNK DR	'Random Control	.3	1.60	185		167						0 0		0.08		5				0.79	1
	CHIMPMUNK DR	HOWER RD	Random Control	4	1.29	187		189						56		0.05		5				0.65	
	HOWER RD	BLUMSTEN RO	Random Control	.7	1,27	100	0000	194						0							100		
	(Under Construct AVERAGE	on)	Random	2												0.06						0.71	1
2001						1000	200	100					Г	-									1
	VILAS / ONEIDA CO. LN.		Random	.6	1.29	180	0.16	183						13		0.09		5				0.74	1
	SQUIRREL LAKE RD	BELLWOOD DR	Random	.8	1.72	183		185				14 1		23		0.09		5				0.68	
	BELLWOOD DR	CHIMPMUNK DR	Control Random	.3	1.60	185		187						397 210		0.11		5				0.81	1
	CHIMPMUNK DR	HOWER RD	Control Random	.7	1.29	187		189	[]					28		0.08		9 5				0,60	
PROPERTY AND A	HOWER RO	BLUMSTEIN RO	Control	100	1.27	180	#####	191	aalala	E STATE			1 2222	1 000	menid						1000		įĺ

Minimum threshold is 1000 lineal feet of cracks averaging greater than 1/2 inch is width.

^{**} Theshold is 25 cracks per segment that average greater than 1/2-inch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are banded.

STH 23E
FOND DU LAC CO.
RIPON - ROSENDALE ROAD
PROJECT ID: 1435-99-71
Contractor: Nethworl Asylhat

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER RIGID BASE

1996 CONSTRUCTION

					SECTION	LOCAT	NON				_		D	STRE	SS TH	_	_					R	1
SURVEY YEAR (Date)	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST SEGNENT	DIST TO SEG	SECTION LENGTH	FROM RP	DIST	10 RP	PLUS DIST	4 L L - G C R	a no xox	E D G E R A V	F L U S H	1000	L 0 N G D 1 S 7%	RUT	S U R F R A V	TRANSCR	T R A N D - 8	PATCH	POTHOLE	D E AVG	
											ni erea	ses ist	seg igt	Boff."	ong igt			***	seg igi				L
1997	DOUGLAS RD	BRANDON RD	Control	3	0.80	198		199								0.08						1.07	1
	BRANCON RD	SILVER CREEK RD	Random	3	0.74	199		200A								0.09						0.56	
	SILVER CREEK RD	WILLOW RD	Random	3	1.04	200A		201C								0.08		27		l.		0.85	i
	WILLOW RD	стнкк	Control	2 9	1.75	201C		203F								0,08		5				0.93	١
	стнкк	СТНМ	Random Control Random	3 5	1,13	200F		205								0.09		5				1.05	
	СТНМ	SECTION LINE	Control	3 2	1.01	205		205	1.01	9						0.09		1				1.08	l
	SECTION LINE	STH 26	Control	3	1.50	205	1.01	2064		1 3						0.09		1				1.24	١
	AVERAGE									=						0.08						1.02	-
1998 3/17/1998	DOUGLAS RD	BRANDON RD	Control	.3	0.80	198		199	34							0.06						1.21	L
	BRANDON RD	SILVER CREEK RD	Random Control	3	0.74	109		200A								0,08						1.03	1
	SILVER CREEK RD	WILLOW RD	Random Control	.3	1.04	200A		201C	8					425		0.05						1.03	١
	WILLOW RD	СТНКК	Random	.7	1.75	201C		203F	8							0.05		10				1.07	ŀ
	стник	стнм	Random Control	.9	1.13	203F		205								0.06		:				1.22	١
	СТНМ	SECTION LINE	Random Control	.5	1.01	205		205	1.01							0.05		5				1.32	١
	SECTION LINE	STH 26	Random Control	3	1.50	205	1.01	208A					E			0.05		1				1.55	
_	AVERAGE		Random	.1	-		-			_	_	_	_	_	_	0.05	-	_	_	_		1.22	L
1999								***										-					Т
4/29/1999	COUGLAS NO	BRANDON RD	Random.	.3	0.80	198		109						295 560		0,03		2				1.43	
	BRANDON RD	SILVER CREEK RD	Random	.3	0.74	199		200A						500 225		0.05		2				1.08	
	SILVER CREEK RD	WILLOW RD	Random	.7	1.04	200A		201C					1	500	-	0.03		15				1.06	
	WILLOW RD	CTHIKK	Control Random	.9	1.75	201C		203F						425 25		0.04		10				1.14	1
	стник	СТНМ	Random	5	1.13	203F		205								0.05		12				1.29	1
	СТН М	SECTION LINE	Control Random	2	1.01	205		205	1.01					80		0.04		12				1.50	1
	SECTION LINE	STH 25	Control Random	.1	1.50	205	1.01	206A				(¥: /		25		0.04		10				1.89	١
	AVERAGE															0,04			_	_		1.36	-
2000	DOUGLAS RD	BRANDON RD	Control	3	0.80	198		199						863		0.12		3				1.33	
	BRANDON RD	SILVER CREEK RD	Random Control	3	0.74	199		200A	8					564 796		0.11						0.92	
	SILVER CREEK RD	WILLOW RD	Random Control	3	1.04	200A		201C						432 771		0.09		14				0.92	١
	WILLOW RD	стн кк	Random Control	3	1.75	201C		200F	8 m					763 560		0.08		14				0.96	
	стн кк	СТНМ	Random Control	3	1.13	203F	+	205						438 14		0.07		15	1			1.15	
	стнм	SECTION LINE	Random Control	3	1.01	205		205	1.01					19 279		0.07		17	8			1.32	1
	SECTION LINE	STH 26	Random Control	2	1.50	205	1.01	206A						290 538		0.07		18 18				1.47	1
	AVERAGE		Random	1	_	_	_		-	_	_		-	574	-	80,0		14		_	Ш	1.16	L
2001	DOUGLAS RD	BO ILIDAN BR		-	440	198		199															Т
		BRANDON RD	Random Control	4	0.80									1105		0.07	Yes	10				1.37	ľ
	BRANDON RD	SILVER CREEK RD	Random Control	2	0.74	199		200A		- 3	333			1279		0.08		0				0.89	1
	SILVER CREEK RD		Random	7	1,04	200A		201C				Yes		1183		0.04		19				0.98	
	WILLOW RO	СТН КК	Random	.9		201C		203F		. 8		Yes		1135 1674		0.06		18				0.90	١
	CTHIKK	CTH M	Control Random	5		2037		205	0.254		0.0	Yes Yes		1159		0.05		18				1,28	1
	CTHM	SECTION LINE	Control Random	.3	1.01	206	green	206	1.01					1103 1639		0.06		25 21				1.33	l
	SECTION LINE	STH 26	Control	.3	1.50	205	1.01	208A	6 4	1		18 8	1	1637 1359		0.07		19 29				1.50	l

Minimum threshold is 1000 lineal feet of cracks averaging greater than 1/2-leach in width.

*** Threshold is 50 cracks per segment that average greater than 1/2-inch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are bended

STH 21E MONROE CO. SPARTA - TOMAH PROJECT ID: 7805-06-71 Currenter Melty

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVENENT OVER FLEXIBLE BASE

			_	_	SECTION	LOCATI	DNI		-				D	STRE	88 TH	RESHO	5		*		-	R .
YEAR DING	FROM FEATURE	TOPEATURE	TEST	DIST TO SEO	SECTION LENGTH	PROME RIP	DIST	TO RP	DEST		POCKOR	D 0 E R A V	H 2944	0 N G C R	0 10 0 1 5	U T	RFRA	R A H S C R	E 4 NO - 5	A T C H	01 # 0 L E	D E 449
1895			_		_	_	_	_	-	ндги	-C 4004	meg light	emplift.	to t."	mai pri	_	-	**	ang lyt	in th		
11/1996	CTHA	SECTIONLINE	Central	4	1.95				- 1			1				0.09						1.14
	SECTION LINE	THOF LAFAYETTE	Random	3	1.22											0.08						0,70
	THOP LAPAYETTE:	атн өө	Control	3	1.22			7	- 1							80.0			0,			0.68
	стива	SECTION LINE	Randoni Control	.3	1.50	,										0.09	,		1.0			0.86
			Random	.7	1885	100		33								0.08						0.86
	SECTION LINE	THI GREENFIELD	Random	4	2,07			*	-	Ø							1					
	TH OREENPELD	X RD	Control	3	0.04			10								9,05						0.70
	x RD	BUCKLEYWE	Cartoi Randon	3	1.50	10		**							. 1	0.06						0.60
	BUCHLEY AVE	OTHE	Carital	.5	136	ti.		12					,			0.04						0.69
	CTH E	CTHW	Random Contro	3	1.28	12		13	77							0.09			-			0.00
	CEHM	BUCKLEYET	Rundon Garted		1.98	13		14			1					0.06						0.76
	FLESTAVE	USH 12	Random	3	1.79	14		-				1				0.07						0.74
		-	Handier				_	_	_	_	_		_			0.07		_	L	_		0.74
1993	AVERAGE		1.					-		Г						0.03						1.18
29/1999		BECTION LINE	Curtell Random	.5	241	4			55							100						1
±3	RECTIONUNE	TN OF LAFAYETTE	Corect Random	.3 .4	1.22	2		6								0.04						0.69
	TN OF LAFAYEFTE	QTH88	Control Kandam	3	1,22			7								0.05	1-					0.68
	стиза	BECTIONUNE	Covital	3	1.66										,	0.05	1-				П	0.86
	SECTIONLINE	TN OF GREENFIELD	Curtos	.5	257											0.05	1-					0.91
	TN OF ORCENTIOLD	x no	Control	3	0.38	9		10				İ				0.03	1"	-		1		0.64
	x 90 .	PREMOVES AD	Rendom	3	1.00	10		**				1				9,02	1-					0.66
	FIREWORKS NO	сти в	Random	3	136	11		19				1				0.02	,-					0.66
			Rendom	.5				13				l				0.03						0.76
	CTH E	CTH N	Control	3	1.38	12					1				V s							
	сти м	FUNT AVE	Redom	4	1.16	13		64							1 8	0.00						0.75
	FLIST AVE	USH 12	Control Rendom	3	1.76	14		15								0.00						0.74
2000	AVERAGE		-		-		_				-					0.03			1	-		0.77
2000	GTH A	RECTION LINE	Control	3	1.81						1	1		8		0.10		0		1		1.04
	SECTIONUME	TN OF LAPAYETTE	Control	3	1.22					l		1		0		0.10		0				0.74
	TH OF LAPAYETTE	GTH 29	Randont . Cantral	4	122			7		1		!		0		0.10		0				0.73
	сти ве	SECTIONLINE	Random	4	1.56	7					1	1		9		0.10		0				0.81
		IN OF OREENFIOLD	Randons	.7	0.07						П			0		0.08		0				1.01
	SECTIONUNE		Rancom							1		1		0		0.09		0				0.68
	TH OF GREENFIELD	x RD	Randon	4	0,98	•		10			1	1		0				0				
	A MD	FREWORKS RD	Control	.0	1.80	10		***				1		0		0.09		0		11		0.72
	PHEMORIE ED	CTH E	Covered	3	1,38	45		12		1		1		0		0,10	-	0				9,70
	CTH E	CTH M	Control	3	1.74	12		10						184		0,10	1	1				0.77
	CTH M	FLINT AVS	Control	3	1.98	12		14	111	1	1			0		0.06		0		1		0.73
	FLINT AVE	13H 12	Control	3	1,78	14		16		1				244		0.00		0	1			0.75
-	AVERAGE		Renter	.9	_	_		-		_	-			109		0,04	_			-		0.78
2001	OTH A	SHCTIONLINE	Covered		3.01							-		D		0.00		1		1		1,06
			Restre	8 3	1,12									0		0.07	1	2				0.75
	SECTIONLINE	TH OF LAPAYETTE	Randers.	.4	100			,		1	1			24.9		0.05	1	0		1		0.73
	TNOFLAFAVIETTE	CTH ING	Control Kandon	4	1,22	•						1		0		199		0				
	CTH IN	SECTIONUNE	Costrol	3	1.56	,		•		1				18.9 355		0.06		1		1		0.96
	SECTION LINE	TW OF CIREMPIELD	Curred Renters	4	6,52					1				9.9		0.06	1	0	1			1.03
	TH OF BRESHFELD	X RD	Control	.3	0.94			90						25.9 12.3		0.08		1		1		0.77
	X 900	FREWORKS RO	Control	3	1.60	16		11						0		0.00	1	0	1			0.64
	PREWORKS NO	CTH 18	Review Control		1.36	**		12		1				0		0.07		0	1			0.79
	CTH E	CTH M	Random Control	4	128	12		17		П	1			59,6 21,9		0.08		2				1.00
	CTH M	FUNT AVE	Review	2	1.16	10		14		1				01.6	1	0.07		0				0.89
	12		Resion	4	1,79	14		15		1	1		1	0 83.6		0.05		1 0			1	0.96
	FLHT AVE	USN 12	Rendom		1,00					1	1	1	1	314		-	1	i	1		_	0.89

STH 54E
BROWN & KEWAUMEE COUNTIES
NEW FRANKEN - LUXEMBURG
PROJECT ID : 4130-94-72
Controder: Northeast Apphalt

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER FLEXIBLE BASE

			Concrete and the Concre		SECTION	LOCAT	HOI			Š				ISTRE	SS TH	RESH	OLDS					R	
SURVEY YEAR (Date)	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST SEGNENT	OIST TO SEC	SECTION LENGTH	FROM RP	PLUS DIST	TO RP	PLUS DIST	4 OUR	8 L O G K C R		FUCLA	LONGCR	10 × 00 - 8	R U T		T R A N S C R	T R A N D I S	PATCH	POTTON	D E AVG IRJ	
		M						NAMES HOL	DIEVER		i of ent area.	1% mag ligit	20% seg igt	1000 lin ft "	196 seg kgt	25 in.	sight	25/seg	1% 1%	150 linft	any		
1993			0900000	0.20																			
/17/1998	STUMP RD	BROWKEWA CO LN	Control Random	.3	0.50	295G	0.51	260		8 4			3			0.07	11. 3	5				C.06	١
	BROW/KEWA CO LN	стнн	Control	.3	1.02	260		262								0.08			- 3			0.89	ı
	стин	RENDEZVOUS RD	Control	.3	1.01	262		263								0.07				0.0		0.96	l
	RENDEZVOUS RD	STH 163	Random Random	2	1.01	263		264								0.07						0.96	l
	STH 163	END WARRANTY	Control	.3	0.64	264		264	0.64							0.07						0.99	
	N/FD4OF		Random	.5						-				-	-	0.07			-	_		0.93	L
1999	AVERAGE		_	_				- 100						1		0.01						0.33	Т
1002	STUMP RD	BROW/KEWA CO LN	Control Random	.3 .4	0.50	259G	0.51	260						60 35		0.05		15				0,89	
	BROWKEWA CO LN	стин	Control	.3	1.02	260		282						0		0.05		2 4				0.91	
	СТН Н	RENDEZVOUS RD	Control	.7 .3	1.01	262		263						0		0.05		0				0.98	ı
	RENDEZVOUS RD	STH 163	Random Random	.9 .2	1.01	263		284			00			0		0.05		1				0.90	١
	STH 163	END WARRANTY	Control	.3	0.64	264		264	0.64					0		0.04		2				0,95	ı
	AVERAGE		Random	.5				_		_			_	70		0.05	_	_ 7	_	_		0.93	1
2000	AVERAGE		_	10000	_		_	_	-		_	-				0.03						0.33	Т
2440	STUMP RD	BROW/KEWA CO LN	Control Random	.3	0.50	295G	0.51	260						246 477		0.10		9				0.86	١
	BROWKEWA CO LN	стнн	Control	.3	1.02	260		282						25 33		0.09		1				0.85	l
	СТНН	RENDEZVOUS RD	Random Control	.3	1.01	262		263						61		0.09		0				0.92	١
	RENDEZVOUS RD	STH 163	Random Random	.2	1.01	263		264						0		0.08		1				0.85	l
	STH 163	END WARRANTY	Control	.3	0.64	264		264	0.64					64 36		0.08		2 9				0.79	١
	AVERAGE		Random	.5							-			1 36		0.08		-	-	_	-	0.86	+
2001						1000					1					1000		3.5					T
	STUMP RD	BROW/KEWA CO LN	Control Frandom	3	0.50	295G	0.51	260						566 545		0.08		13 22				1,05	١
	BROWNEWA CO LN	стнн	Control Random	.3	1.02	260		262						159		0.11		2 5				0.97	l
	CTH H	RENDEZVOUS RD	Control Fandom	.3	1.01	262		263					000	183		0.07	-	0 2				0.92	١
	RENDEZVOUS RD	STH 163	Random	.3	1.01	263		264						263 84		0.10		1 0				0.90	l
	STH 163	END WARRANTY	Control	.4	0.84	264		264	0,64			0.14	1	222		0.07		8				0.78	١
	AVERAGE		Random	.0	_		_		_	_	_	_	-	246	_	0.09	-	12	_	_	h-	0.92	٠

Minimum threshold is 1000 lineal first of clacks averaging greater than 1/2-loch in width.
 Threshold is 25 cracks per regiment that average greater than 1/2-loch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are arrived.

USH 63 N
PIERCE CO.
ELLSWORTH - BALDWIN
PROJECT ID : 7210-07-71
Contractor: Monarch Paving

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER FLEXIBLE BASE

		i			SECTION	LOCA	TION							ISTRE		RESH						R	P
SURVEY YEAR (Date)	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST SEGMENT	DIST TO SEG	SECTION LENGTH	FROM RP	DIST	TÓ RP	PĽUS DIST	ALLIGOR	BLOCKCR	E D G E R A V	F U S	TO Z G C R	L O N G D I S	R U T	SURFRAV	TRANSCR	T R A N D I S	P A T C H	P O T H O L E	I D E AVG IRI	ı
							,	HRESHO	LDLEVELS		6 of ent area	1% seg igt	20% seg igt	1000 lin ft *	1% seg kgt	.25 in.	slight	25/seg	1% seg igt	150 lin ft	any		
1998 3/12/1998	USH 10E	STH 72E	Control Random	.3 .4	1.50	21A		23								0.07						0.86	0
	STH 72E	570TH AVE	Control Random	.3 .2	1.12	23		24								0.07		:				0.95	0
	570TH AVE	CTH G	Control	.3 .7	1.01	24		25								0.06			-			0.86	0
	CTH G	CTH N	Control Random	.3 .5	0.97	25		26								0.06						0.97	0
	CTH N	690TH ST	Control Random	.3	1.03	26		27								0.08						0.85	0
	690TH ST	730TH AVE	Control Random	.3 .6	1.00	27		28								0.06						0.79	0
	730TH AVE	CTHY	Control Random	.3 1.2	1.60	28		30M								0.06						0.87	0
	CTHY	STH 29E	Control Random	.3 1.1	1.97	30M		31								0.08			-			1.00	0
	AVERAGE															0.07						0.90	0
1999 5/26/1999	USH 10E	STH 72E	Control	.3	1.50	21A		23								0.04		0				0.91	0.
	STH 72E	570TH AVE	Random Control	.3	1.12	23		24								0.04		2				0.95	0
	570TH AVE	СТН С	Random Control Random	.3	1.01	24		25								0.04		3 0 2				0.85	0 0
	СТН G	CTH N	Control	.3	0.97	25		26								0.03		0				0.95	0
	CTH N	690TH ST	Control	.3	1.03	26		27								0.05		1				0.82	0
	690TH ST	730TH AVE	Control	.3	1.00	27		28				ļ				0.04		2				0.76	0
	730TH AVE	CTH Y	Control	.3	1.60	28		30M								0.04		2				0.88	0
	CTH Y	STH 29E	Control Random	.3	1,97	30M		31								0.06		0				0.99	0.
	AVERAGE													*		0.04						0.90	٥
2000	USH 10E	STH 72E	Control	.3	1,50	21A		23						0		0.04		2				0,93	0
	STH 72E	570TH AVE	Random Control	,4 .3 .2	1.12	23		24						0 14 0		0.05		1 2 4	•			0.95	0 0 7
	570TH AVE	CTH G	Random Control Random	.2 .3 .7	1.01	24		25						0		0.03		0 2				0.90	0
	CTH G	CTH N	Control Random	.3 .5	0.97	25		26						0		0.03		1				0.95	0
	CTH N	690TH ST	Control Random	.3 .9	1.03	26		27						0,		0.03		1 2				0.88	0
	690TH ST	730TH AVE	Control	.3 .6	1.00	27		28						0		0.03		4				0.79	7
	730TH AVE	CTHY	Control Random	.3 1.2	1.60	28		30M						0		0.03		3				0.86	7
	CTHY	STH 29E	Control Random	.3 1.1	1.97	30M		31						0		0.05		0 2				0.91	0
	AVERAGE															0,03						0.90	2
2001	USH 10E	STH 72E	Control	.3	1.50	21A		23						17		0.04		2				0.95	0
	STH 72E	570TH AVE	Random Control Random	.4 ,3 .2	1.12	23		24						12 0 209		0.04		5 5 2				1.00	7 7 7
	570TH AVE	CTH G	Control Random	.2 .3 .7	1.01	24		25						0 16		0.03		1 5				0.98	0 7
	CTH G	СТН N	Control	.7 .3 .5	0.97	25		26						21		0.04		3				0.96	7 0
	CȚH N	690TH ST	Control	.3 .9	1.03	26		27						15 0		0.04		3 7				0.96	7
	690TH ST	730TH AVE	Control Random	.s .3 .6	1.00	27		28						6		0.04		3				0.85	7
	730TH AVE	CTH Y	Control Random	.3	1.60	28		30M						0		0.04		5 4				0.93	7
	CTH Y	STH 29E	Control Random	1.2 .3 1.1	1.97	30M		31						0 0		0.05		0				0.99	0
	AVERAGE		ranuorn	1,1						L	1	<u> </u>		J		0.04		U				0.95	4

Minimum threshold is 1000 lineal feet of cracks averaging greater than 1/2-inch in width.

^{***} Threshold is 25 cracks per segment that average greater than 1/2-inch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are banded.

STH 35N ST CROIX CO. SOMERSET - NORTH CO LINE PROJECT ID: 8081-01-72 Contractor: Monarch Paving

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER FLEXIBLE BASE

					SECTION L	OCATIO	ON .						D	ISTRE	SS TH	RESH	OLDS					R	1
SURVEY YEAR (Date)	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST SEGMENT	DIST TO SEG	SECTION LENGTH	FROM RP	PLUS DIST	TO RP	PLUS DIST	A L L G C R	B L O C K C R	E D G E R A V	F L U S H	LONGCE	102000	R U T	S U R F R A	T R A N S C R	T R A N D	P A T C H	P O T H O L E	D E AVG Ri	
							ТН	RESHOL	LEVELS		of ent area	1% seg lgt	20% seg lgt	1000 lin ft *	1% seg igt	.25 in.	slight	25/seg	1% seg kgt	150 lin ft	any		t
1999										a.giiic	T Zicu	ocy sy.	J. g igit	-	y ₁ yt				act Mr		\vdash	-	╆
	CTH I (SPRING ST)	190TH AVE	Control Random	.3 .5	0.99	275		198	•							0.05			Ì			2.16	
	190TH AVE	200TH AVE	Control Random	.3 .8	1.00	277		199				i				0.02						0.82	
	200TH AVE	210TH AVE	Control Random	.3 .7	1.00	278		200]]				0.02						0.81	
	210TH AVE	220TH AVE	Control Random	.3 .4	1.01	280		200				i				0.02						0.82	
	220TH AVE	СТН Н	Control Random	.3 .6	1.09	282		203								0.03						0.86	
	AVERAGE															0.03						1.09	
2000											(· · ·					-						Г
	CTH I (SPRING ST)	190TH AVE	Control Random	.3 .5	0.99	275		277						0		0.09		0	l			1.76	
	190TH AVE	200TH AVE	Control Random	.3 .8	1.00	277		278	ļ					0		80.0	-	0				0.77	ľ
	200TH AVE	210TH AVE	Control Random	.3 .7	1.00	278	•	280						0		80.0		0				0.80	
	210TH AVE	220TH AVÉ	Control Random	.3 .4	1.01	280		281						0		0.06		2 2				0.80	
	220TH AVE	CTH H	Control Random	.3 .6	1.09	281		282						0		0.08		0				0.81	
	СТН Н	SAWED & SEALED	Random Control	.1 .3	0.50	282		282	0.50					0		0.09		0				0.92	
	SAWED & SEALED	ST CROIX / POLK	Random Random	.6 .8	0.50	282	0.50	283						0				17 17					
	AVERAGE										- :					0.07						0.97	
2001	CTH (SPRING ST)	190TH AVE	Control	.3	0.99	275		198				_		13		0,06		3				1.72	Γ
	190TH AVE	200TH AVE	Random Control	.5 .3 .8	1,00	277		199						0		0.03		0				0.91	
	200TH AVE	210TH AVE	Random Control Random	.3 .7	1.00	278		200						11 20		0.03		6 4 3				0.95	
	210TH AVE	220TH AVE	Control Random	.3 .4	1.01	280		200	i			ļ		0		0.03		6		ı		0.95	
	220TH AVE	стн н	Control	.3 .6	1.09	282		203						0		0.04		2 2				0.96	
	стн н	ST CROIX / POLK	Random	.1 .3	0.50	283		283	1.02					0		0.05		2		İ		1.03	
	AVERAGE		Johnson		<u>لـــــــل</u>	-111,			·	<u> </u>		Ļ			ئـــــ	0.04						1,09	<u>I</u>

Minimum threshold is 1000 lineal feet of cracks averaging greater than 1/2-inch in width.

Threshold is 25 cracks per segment that average greater than 1/2-inch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are banded.

STH 54E WOOD COUNTY CTH G - STH 73 PROJECT ID: 6950-04-71 Contractor: American Asphalt

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER FLEXIBLE BASE

1998 CONSTRUCTION

			1		SECTION	LOCAT	TION						Œ	ISTRE	SS TH	RESH	OLD\$					R	l
SURVEY YEAR (D=te)	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST SEGMENT	DIST TO SEG	SECTION LENGTH	FROM RP	PLUS DIST	TD RP	PLUS DIST	A L I G C R	B L O G K C R	EDG ERAV	F U S H	L O N G C R	10260-2	R U T	SURFRAV	T R A N S C R	T R A N D I S	P T C H	P 0 T H 0 L E	D. E AVG IRI	
							1	HRESHOL	DLEVELS		of entarea	1% seg igt	20% seg igt	1000 lin ft *	1% seg igt	.25 in.	slight	25/seg	1% seg lgt	150 lin ft	any		I
1999 5/26/1999	стн с	SWANSON RD	Control Random	.3 .8	1.11	122	-	124								0.05		13 ** 13 **		-		0.86	
	AVERAGE															0.05						0.86	_
2000	стн G	SWANSON RD	Control Random	.3	1,11	122		124	• •					0		0.12		14 14				0.81	
	AVERAGE				<u></u>		(April 1						•			0.12	\$16.00					0.81	
2001	стн G	SWANSON RD	Control Random	.3 .8	1,11	122		124						0		0,12		14 14				0.83	
	AVERAGE				<u> </u>											0.12						0.83	_

Minimum threshold is 1000 lineal feet of cracks averaging greater than 1/2-inch in width.

MOST RECENT SURVEY RESULTS

STH 60E CRAWFORD & RICHLAND COUNTIES USH 61 - CTH W PROJECT ID: 5190-04-71 Contractor: Nerson

1998 CONSTRUCTION

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER FLEXIBLE BASE

					SECTION	LOCAT	ION	_		L			D	ISTRE	SS TH	RESH	DLDS					R	
SURVEY YEAR (Date)	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST SEGMENT	DIST TO SEG	SECTION LENGTH	FROM RP	PLUS DIST	YO RP	PLUS DIST	A J J – G C R	B L C K C R	E D G E R A V	F L U S H	JOZOGR	- 0 Z O - v	R U T	S U R F R A V	TRANSCR	TRANDIS	P A T C H	POTHOLE	D E AVG IRI	
							-	THRESHOL	LD LEVELS		of	1%	20%	1000	1%	.25 in.	slight	25/seg	1%		any		
										segme	nt area	seg igt	seg igt	AUL IX	seg igt				seg igt	lin ft		<u> </u>	┼
1999 5/27/1999	USH 61	GEORGETOWN RD	Control	.4	1.10	33		34								0.03						1.18	١,
5,4,1,1505		0201102110111110	Random	,6							1		[1		(
	GEORGETOWN RD	CRAW/RICH CO LN	Control	.3	1,43	34		35	0.44							0.02					-	0.86	(
			Random	.8						i		ļ		'	'								1
	CRAW/RICH CO LN	CTH W	Control	.3	1.73	35	0.44	38					į.			0.03	**					0.86	10
			Random	1.4																			13
	AVERAGE															0.02						0,94	٥
2000											-		1										Ι.
	USH 61	GEORGETOWN RD	Control	.4	1,10	33		34					1	16		0.06		0				1.12	1
			Random	.6						1	l	1	ŀ	0				0		<u>'</u>			
	GEORGETOWN RD	CRAW/RICH CO LN	Control	.3	1.43	34		35	0.44	i	l		ŀ	0	-	0.06		0				0.79	0
			Random	.8										0	İ	0.05		0			.	1.01	18
	CRAW/RICH CO LN	CTH W	Control	.3	1.73	35	0.44	38		1	1		l	0		0.05		0				1.01	`
			Random	1.4						ļ.,		<u></u>	L	U		0.05						0.98	
	AVERAGE		I -							-	_			_		0.03	_					0.50	ΤŤ
2001	MBH 64	GEORGETOWN RD	Control	.4	1.10	33		34]		17.9		0.06	· .	۵				1.23	ľα
	USH 61	GEORGE TOWN RD	Random	. 4 .6	1.10	33		34						0		V.00		1			ļ	''	1
	CEOPCETOWN DD	CRAW/RICH CO LN	Control	.3	1.43	34		35	0.44		ļ			6	Ì	0.09		3				0.60	1 7
	GEORGE TOWN RD	CONTAINION CO FIA	Random	.8	1.70		•	30	J. 7 7					0		-,,50		1					0
	CRAW/RICH CO LN	CTH W	Control	,3	1.73	35	0.44	38		i '	1			9.7		0.08		0				1.01	
	CIOTITATION CO LIV	9 111	Random	1.4	1•					Ī		l	1	0	•		[١٥			1	l ·	10

Minimum threshold is 1000 lineal feet of cracks averaging greater than 1/2-inch in width,

All Type 1 cracks.
 Threshold is 25 cracks per segment that average greater than 1/2-inch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are banded.
 Interest of the project is Sawed and Sealed. In WisDOT PDI system these joints are equivalent to sealed cracks.

Segregation exhibited, threshold not exceeded.

Threshold is 25 cracks per segment that average greater than 1/2-inch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are banded.

STH 95E
JACKSON COUNTY
TREMPELEAU/JACKSON CO LINE - HIXTON
PROJECT ID : 7560-06-71
Contractor: B.R. Anton & Sons

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER FLEXIBLE BASE

					SECTION	LI OCAT	101							ETP	ee Tu	DECH	OI DE				\neg		ſ <u>.</u>
		-			SECTION	LUCAI	ION			Ā	В	E	F	L	SS TH	RESH	S	Т	Ŧ	P	Р	R	
SURVEY YEAR (Date)	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST SEGMENT	DIST TO SEG	SECTION LENGTH	FROM RP	PLUS DIST	TÓ RP	PLUS DIST	CLIGOR	LOCKCR	G E R A	L U S H	20200	0 10 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	T	URKRAV	RANSCR	RAND-S	A T C H	0 1 0 1 0	D E AVG IRI	
								THRESHOL	DLEVELS		6 of ent area	1% seg lgt	20% seg kgt	1000 Hn ft *	1% sægligt	.25 in.	slight	25/seg	1% seg lgt	150 lin ft	any		
1999 5/27/1999	CTH W (TREM/JACK)	VOSSE COULEE RD	Control	4	1.29	48		50								0.04						1.02	0
	VOSSE COULEE RD	TN OF SPRINGFIELD	Random Random Control	.9 .1 .3	1.87	50		52	0.65							0.03						0.95	0
	TN OF SPRINGFIELD	BERG RD	Control	.3 .6	1.29	52	0.65	54								0.03		7				0.81	0 7
	BERG RD	N LINCOLN RD	Control Random	,3 .4	1.55	54		56								0.03		21 ** 20 **				0.91	7
	N LINCOLN RD	TN OF HIXTON	Control Random	.3 .5	1.61	56		57	0.91						,	0.03						0.85	0
	TN OF HIXTON	SECHLERVILLE RD	Random Control	.2 .3 .2	0.81	57 59	0.91	59 60								0.03						1.14	0
		CIH FF	Random Control	.3	0,40	25		80			ļ					0.03						0.91	2
2000	AVERAGE						-			<u> </u>						0.00						4.51	-
2000	CTH W (TREM/JACK)	VOSSE COULEE RD	Control Random	.4 .9	1.29	48		50						0		0.07		0				0.92	0
	VOSSE COULEE RD	TN OF SPRINGFIELD		.1 .3	1.87	50		52	0.65					0		0.07		0				0.87	0
	TN OF SPRINGFIELD		Control Random	,3 .6	1.29	52	0.65	54						0		0.07		0				0.75	0
	BERG RD	N. LINCOLN RO	Control Random	.3	1.55	54		56 57	0.04		1		ĺ	0		0.06		0				0.79	0
	N.LINCOLN RD TN OF HIXTON	TN OF HIXTON SECHLERVILLE RD	Control Random Random	.3 .5 .2	0.81	56 57	0.91	57 59	0.91					0 0		0.07		0				0.73	0
	SECHLERVILLE RD	CTH FF	Control Random	.3	0.48	59	,0.01	60				-		0		0.09		0				1.07	0
			Control	.3	l					<u> </u>		<u> </u>		0		<u>L</u> .	<u> </u>	D		<u> </u>		L.,	0
	AVERAGE															0.07						0.82	0
2001	CTH W/(TREM/(ACK)	DECIN MADDANTY			0.20	48		48	0.20			l	ł			}							
	CTH W (TREM/JACK) BEGIN WARRANTY	VOSSE COULEE RD	Control Random	.2 .7	1.29	48	0.20	50	4,2 0					0 23	-	80.0		0				0,89	0
	VOSSE COULEE RD	TN OF SPRINGFIELD		,1 ,3	1.87	50		52	0.65					0 28		0.09		0				0.67	0
	TN OF SPRINGFIELD		Control Random	.3 .6	1.29	52	0.65	54						0		0.07		3				0.66	7
	BERG RD	N. LINCOLN RD	Random	.3	1.55	54		56	0.01]	55 42		0.07		2				0.73	0
	N.LINCOLN RD	TN OF HIXTON	Random Random	.3 .5 .2	1.61 0.81	56 57	0.91	57 59	0.91					27 0 0		0.08		1 1 0				0.60	0
	TN OF HIXTON SECHLERVILLE RD	SECHLERVILLE RD END WARRANTY	Random Control Random	.2 .3 .2	0.48	59	0.81	59	0.48					13.		0.08		0				1.11	0
	END WARRANTY	CTH FF	Control	.3	0.45	59	0.487	60						ő		_,50		ő				,	ő
	AVERAGE									<u></u>	<u> </u>		<u>L</u>	<u></u>		0.08					ليـــا	0.72	1
	AVENABL																						

Minimum threshold is 1000 lineal feet of cracks averaging greater than 1/2-inch in width.

Dorited asphalt treatement applied by contractor.

Yhreshold is 25 cracks per segment that average greater than 1/2-inch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are banded.

STH 27N
EAU CLAIRE COUNTY
BLACK BEAR TN RD - CTH X
PROJECT ID: 7070-08-70
Contrador: B.R. Amon & Sons

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER PULVERIZED AC

		•	<u> </u>		SECTION	LOCAT	ION			<u> </u>			D	ISTR	ESS TI	IRESH	OLDS					R	1
										A	В	Ε	F	٦	L	R	\$	T	Ť	Р	P	[i	1
										L	L	D	L	0	0	U	U	R	R	A	0	Þ	1
URVEY	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST	DIST	SECTION	FROM	PLUS	10	PLUS.	L	0	G	u	N	N	T	R	A) т	T	E	Ţ
YEAR (Date)			SEGMENT	TO SEG	LENGTH	R₽	DIST	RP	DIST	G	C K	E	S	G	G		F	N	N	C	н		l
(044)]	320						c	Ĉ	Ä	, ,	Я	ı		R	S	D	н	L	AVG	1
			L		Ĺ					R	R	V	Door	4000	S			R	S		E		1
								HRESHOLD	LEVELS	l	of ntarea	1% seg lgt	20% seg lgt	1000 lin ft *	1% seg lgt	,25 in.	Slight	25/seg	1% segigt	150 lin ft	any		ŀ
2000														_	dog igt			_	3.g gr	<u> </u>	\vdash	 	t
	CTH GG	BEGIN WARRANTY	Lead In		0.86	230		230	0.86														
			Lead In						ļ] .				,						1			١
	BEGIN WARRANTY	TN LUDING/BR. CR.	Control	.1	0.26	230	0.86	230Q	- 1			Į.	i i	0		0.19		0	ĺ	[1.55	1
	TN LUDING/BR. CR.	CTH N INT	Control	.3	0.98	230Q		233	l	!		İ		0		0.05		O.		İ		0.71	
		•	Random	.6	1 1					ļ. j		l		٥		! .		D.	ļ	ļ]	ļ	ļ
	CTH N INT	CTH NL INT	Control	.3	1.05	233		234	1					0	1	0.05		0				0.80	1
			Random	.5								i		14				0					1
	CTH NL INT	JIGLUM RD INT	Control	.3	1.12	234		235	i	1		1 .		0		0.05	i	108		}		0.83	1
			Random	.9					1					0				100				i	١
	JIĞLUM RD INT	BERLÍN RD INT	. Control	.3	0.99	235		236	ŀ			ŀ		0		0.05		0				0.83	1
			Random	.4					ı			ſ		0			'	0		, ·		ľ	1
	BERLIN RD INT	CTH D INT	Control	.3	1.06	236		237	1					0		0.05		0				0.85	ı
			Random	.7))				, l					0				. 0					1
	CTH D INT	CTH X	Control	.3	1.75	237		239						O		0.05		0			[0.83	
			Random	.2	1 1				- 1					0				0					l
	CTHX	EAUC/CHIP CO LN	Control	.3	0.92	239		240	l			l i		٥١		0.03		15		١.,		0.76	
	AVERAGE		Random	.5			<u></u>							0				0 1]	<u> </u>	1
2001	AVERAGE		г									,		—,		0.05		··,				0.83	_
	CTH GG	BEGIN WARRANTY	Lead in		0.86	230		230	0.86						1								1
					0.00			200	0.00			[
***	BEGIN WARRANTY	CTH N INT	Control	.6	1.24	230Q		233	Ì			i i	- 1	0	' i	0.04		ا ه			ļ	0.70	l
			Random	.9								1	1	0	1	0.0 /		ŏ				0.10	1
	CTH N INT	CTH NL INT	Control	.3	1.05	233		234				1		ō		0.04		ő				0.86	1
			Random	.5					1			[- 1	34	ĺĺ	0.0.7	- 1	il		' I	' I	5.00	l
	CTH NL INT	JIGLUM RD INT	Control	.3	1,12	234		235					1	0		0.04		65				0.88	1
			Random	.9	1 }						١.) !)	اما]	,		50				0.00	1
	JIGLUM RD INT	BERLIN RD INT	Control	.3	0.99	235		236	1					ō		0.05	- 1	0			- 1	0.86	
			Random	.4									1	ō		0,00		ŏ			1	0.00	١
	BERLIN RD INT	CTH D INT	Control	.3	1.06	236		237	ı	1	· .		- {	0	1	0.04	- 1	o l			ļ	0.90	1
			Random	.7					[ļ				0			ļ	a l			ı	3.50	ı
	CTH D INT	CTH X	Control	.3	1.75	237		239						ō		0.04		o l			- 1	0.90	ı
	*	•	Random	.2					Á	'	' i		1	0	1	J	ı	ő	1		h	5.00	ł
	CTH X	EAUC/CHIP CO LN	Control	.3	0.92	239		240					ĺ	ō	Į	0.03	. 1	ő			Į.	0.80	1
	CIRX	EMUCICAL CO LIN																					

Minimum threshold is 1000 lineal feet of cracks averaging greater than 1/2-inch in width.

Threshold is 25 cracks per segment that average greater than 1/2-inch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are banded.

*Combined .26 & .98 sections into one section

STH 35N
BUFFALO CO.
INDIAN CREEK RD STH 37N
PROJECT ID: 7161-08-71
Contractor: Mathy

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER RUBBLIZED PCC

			L		SECTIO	N LOCA	TION						ī	HSTR	ESS TI	(RESI	IOLDS	3				R	F
SURVEY YEAR	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST SEGMENT	DIST TO SEG	SECTION LENGTH	FROM RP	PLUS DIST	TO RP	PLUS DIST	A L L - GCR	BLOCKCR	5 D G E R A V	F L U S H	LONGCR	LONGDIS	R U T	SURFRAY	T R A N S C R	T R A N D I S	P A T C H	P 0 T H 0 L E	I D E AVG IRI	1
		•						THRESHO	LO LEVELS	1% segme		1% seg igt	20% seg igt	1000 lin ft *	1% seg igt	.25 in.	slight	25/seg	1% seg lgt	150 lin ft	any		
2000	INDIAN CREEK RD	BECHLY RO INT	Control	.3	0.56	159		160						0		0.05		_	1			0.52	
			Random	.2										0				0				0.63	0
	BECHLY RD INT	STH 88N INT	Control Random	.3 .8	1.13	160		161					ļ	287 60		0.05		0		ļ		0.70	7
	STH BBN INT	PRAIRIE MOON RD	Control Random	.3 .4	1.02	161		162			-			0		0.04		0				0.65	0
	PRAIRIE MOON RD	TN OF BELVIOERE	Control Random	.3 .5	0.64	162		162	0.64					0		0.03	Ì	0				0.59	0
	TN OF BELVIDERE	SECTION LINE	Control Random	.3 .2	0.79	162	0.64	162	1.43		-			0		0.05	1	0				0.62	0
	SECTION LINE	CTHO (CTHOO)	Control Random	.3 1.1	1.28	162	1.43	165						0 146		0.05		0				0.71	7
	CTHIO (CTHIOO)	SECTION LINE SIEFERT HILL RO	Control	.3	0.62 0.96	165 165	0.62	165 167	0.82					0		0.06		0				0.88	0
	SIEFERT HILL RD	CTHIN (FOEGEMIRD	Random	.7 .3	1.05	167		168						17 31		0.05	1	0		1		0.62	0
	CTH N (FOEGEM RD)	CTH OO INT	Random Control	.8	1.13	168		169						0 7		0.04	ļ	0			·		0
	CTH OO INT		Ra∩dom	.6	0.85	169		171						0			i	0				0.59	0
		RIVER DR INT	Control Randr n	.3 .5									١	356 352	į	0.05		0	1			0.63	7
	RIVER DR INT	SECTION LINE	Control Random	.3	0.71	171		171	0.71				į	0		0.04		0				0.68	0
	SECTION LINE	SECTION LINE	Control Random	.3 .6	0.75	171	0.71	171	1.46					0.0		0.04		0	 			0.66	0
	SECTION LINE	OLD STH 35 RD	Control Random	.3 .4	0.58	171	1.46	173M						0		0.06		0				0.67	0
	OLD STH 35 RD	LAUE ST INT	Control Random	.3 .5	0.90	173M		174	;					0 11		0.04		0				0.82	0
	EAUE BI INT CTHE INT	CTHEINT WALNUT ST INT	Control Random	.3 .2	0.56 0.58	174 175		176 176						5 0		0.08		D				1.13	0
	WALNUT ST INT	STH 37N INT	Control	.3 1.1	1.42	176		178	i					0		0.06		0				0.76	0
2004	AVERAGE															0.05	` -					0.70	1
2001	INDIAN CREEK RD	BECHLY RD INT	Control	.3	0.56	159		160						0		0.06		0	ļi			0.37	0
	BECHLY RD INT	STH 88N INT	Random Control	.2	1.13	160		161	İ					101		0.07		0				0.71	7
	STH 88N INT	PRAIRIE MOON RD	Random Control	.3	1.02	161		162						0		0.05		0				0.65	0
	PRAIRIE MOON RD	TN OF BELVIDERE	Random Control	.4 .3	0.64	162		162	0.64				1	0		0.04		0				0.41	0
	TN OF BELVIDERE	SECTION LINE	Random Control	.5 .3	0.79	162	0.64	162	1.43				ļ	0		0.06	ļ	0			ļ	0.41	0
	SECTION LINE	CTH 0 (CTH 00)	Random Control	.2 .3	1.28	162	1.43	165						0		0.06		0				0.55	0
	CTHIO (CTHIOO) SECTION LINE	SECTION LINE SIEFERT HILL RD	Random Control	1.1 3	0.82 0.96	165 165	0.62	165 167	0 62					0		80.0		0				0.82	0
	SIEFERT HILL RD	CTH N (FOEGEM RD	Random Control	.7	1.05	167		168	ì					0		0.05		0				0.51	0
1	CTH N (FOEGEM RD)	CTH OO INT	Random Control	.8 .3	1.13	168		169					1	0		0.05		0				0.48	0
	CTH OO INT	RIVER DR INT	Random Control	.6 .3	0,85	169		171	İ					0	Į	0.07		0			ŀ	0.49	0
	RIVER OR INT	SECTION LINE	Random Control	.5 .3	0,71	171		171	0,71					0		0.05		0				0.78	0
	SECTION LINE	SECTION LINE	Random Control	.4	0.75	171	0.71	171	1.46	}	•			0		0.05		0				0.56	0
	SECTION LINE	OLD STH 35 RD	Random Control	.6	0.58	171		173M			(0		0.08		0				0.59	0
	OLD STH 35 RD	LAUE ST INT	Random	.3	0.90	173M	,, 70	174						0		0.06	ľ	0					ō
	. * . * . * . * . * . * . * . * . * . *		Random	5			151515151					11:1-1-1		0		U.UG	::::::::	0	::::::::	192-1-2		0.85	0
	LAUESTINT CTHEINT	CTHEINT WALNUT ST INT	Control Random	3 2	0.56 0.58	174 175		175 176		11939191		etelili.		0		0.09		G 0				1.14	0
	WALNUT ST INT	STH 37N INT	Control Random	.3 1.1	1.42	176		178		. [0	ļ	0.08		0		-	į	0.85	0
	AVERAGE				1			;								0.06						0.64	0

Minimum threshold is 1000 lineal feet of cracks averaging greater than 1/2-inch in width,

^{*} Threshold is 25 cracks per segment that average greater than 1/2-inch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are banded.

STH 35N
BUFFALO CO.
INDIAN CREEK RD STH 37N
PROJECT ID: 7161-08-71
Contractor: Mathy

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER RUBBLIZED PCC

			L		SECTIO	N LOCA	TION						ī	HSTR	ESS TI	(RESI	IOLDS	3				R	F
SURVEY YEAR	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST SEGMENT	DIST TO SEG	SECTION LENGTH	FROM RP	PLUS DIST	TO RP	PLUS DIST	A L L - GCR	BLOCKCR	5 D G E R A V	F L U S H	LONGCR	LONGDIS	R U T	SURFRAY	T R A N S C R	T R A N D I S	P A T C H	P 0 T H 0 L E	I D E AVG IRI	1
		•						THRESHO	LO LEVELS	1% segme		1% seg igt	20% seg igt	1000 lin ft *	1% seg igt	.25 in.	slight	25/seg	1% seg lgt	150 lin ft	any		
2000	INDIAN CREEK RD	BECHLY RO INT	Control	.3	0.56	159		160						0		0.05		_	1			0.52	
			Random	.2										0				0				0.63	0
	BECHLY RD INT	STH 88N INT	Control Random	.3 .8	1.13	160		161					ļ	287 60		0.05		0		ļ		0.70	7
	STH 88N INT	PRAIRIE MOON RD	Control Random	.3 .4	1.02	161		162			-			0		0.04		0				0.65	0
	PRAIRIE MOON RD	TN OF BELVIOERE	Control Random	.3 .5	0.64	162		162	0.64					0		0.03	Ì	0				0.59	0
	TN OF BELVIDERE	SECTION LINE	Control Random	.3 .2	0.79	162	0.64	162	1.43		-			0		0.05	1	0				0.62	0
	SECTION LINE	CTHO (CTHOO)	Control Random	.3 1.1	1.28	162	1.43	165						0 146		0.05		0				0.71	7
	CTHIO (CTHIOO)	SECTION LINE SIEFERT HILL RO	Control	.3	0.62 0.96	165 165	0.62	165 167	0.82					0		0.06		0				0.88	0
	SIEFERT HILL RD	CTHIN (FOEGEMIRD	Random	.7 .3	1.05	167		168						17 31		0.05	1	0		1		0.62	0
	CTH N (FOEGEM RD)	CTH OO INT	Random Control	.8	1.13	168		169						0 7		0.04	ļ	0			·		0
	CTH OO INT		Ra∩dom	.6	0.85	169		171						0			i	0				0.59	0
		RIVER DR INT	Control Randr n	.3 .5									١	356 352	į	0.05		0	1			0.63	7
	RIVER DR INT	SECTION LINE	Control Random	.3	0.71	171		171	0.71				į	0		0.04		0				0.68	0
	SECTION LINE	SECTION LINE	Control Random	.3 .6	0.75	171	0.71	171	1.46					0.0		0.04		0	 			0.66	0
	SECTION LINE	OLD STH 35 RD	Control Random	.3 .4	0.58	171	1.46	173M						0		0.06		0				0.67	0
	OLD STH 35 RD	LAUE ST INT	Control Random	.3 .5	0.90	173M		174	;					0 11		0.04		0				0.82	0
	EAUE BI INT CTHE INT	CTHEINT WALNUT ST INT	Control Random	.3 .2	0.56 0.58	174 175		176 176						5 0		0.08		D				1.13	0
	WALNUT ST INT	STH 37N INT	Control	.3 1.1	1.42	176		178	i					0		0.06		0				0.76	0
2004	AVERAGE															0.05	` -					0.70	1
2001	INDIAN CREEK RD	BECHLY RD INT	Control	.3	0.56	159		160						0		0.06		0	ļi			0.37	0
	BECHLY RD INT	STH 88N INT	Random Control	.2	1.13	160		161	İ					101		0.07		0				0.71	7
	STH 88N INT	PRAIRIE MOON RD	Random Control	.3	1.02	161		162						0		0.05		0				0.65	0
	PRAIRIE MOON RD	TN OF BELVIDERE	Random Control	.4 .3	0.64	162		162	0.64				1	0		0.04		0				0.41	0
	TN OF BELVIDERE	SECTION LINE	Random Control	.5 .3	0.79	162	0.64	162	1.43				l	0		0.06	ļ	0			ļ	0.41	0
	SECTION LINE	CTH 0 (CTH 00)	Random Control	.2 .3	1.28	162	1.43	165						0		0.06		0				0.55	0
	CTHIO (CTHIOO) SECTION LINE	SECTION LINE SIEFERT HILL RD	Random Control	1.1 3	0.82 0.96	165 165	0.62	165 167	0 62					0		80.0		0				0.82	0
	SIEFERT HILL RD	CTH N (FOEGEM RD	Random Control	.7	1.05	167		168	ì					0		0.05		0				0.51	0
1	CTH N (FOEGEM RD)	CTH OO INT	Random Control	.8 .3	1.13	168		169					1	0		0.05		0				0.48	0
	CTH OO INT	RIVER DR INT	Random Control	.6 .3	0,85	169		171	İ					0	Į	0.07		0			ŀ	0.49	0
	RIVER OR INT	SECTION LINE	Random Control	.5 .3	0,71	171		171	0,71					0		0.05		0				0.78	0
	SECTION LINE	SECTION LINE	Random Control	.4	0.75	171	0.71	171	1.46	}	•			0		0.05		0				0.56	0
	SECTION LINE	OLD STH 35 RD	Random Control	.6	0.58	171		173M			(0		0.08		0				0.59	0
	OLD STH 35 RD	LAUE ST INT	Random	.3	0.90	173M	,, 70	174						0		0.06	ľ	0					ō
	. * . * . * . * . * . * . * . * . * . *		Random	5			151515151					11:1-1-1		0		U.UG	::::::::	0	::::::::	192-1-2		0.85	0
	LAUESTINT CTHEINT	CTHEINT WALNUT ST INT	Control Random	3 2	0.56 0.58	174 175		175 176		11939191		etelili.		0		0.09		G 0				1.14	0
	WALNUT ST INT	STH 37N INT	Control Random	.3 1.1	1.42	176		178		. [0	ļ	0.08		0		-	į	0.85	0
	AVERAGE				1			;								0.06						0.64	0

Minimum threshold is 1000 lineal feet of cracks averaging greater than 1/2-inch in width,

^{*} Threshold is 25 cracks per segment that average greater than 1/2-inch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are banded.

I - 39S
PORTAGE CO.
BUS. 51 OFF RAMP - STH 54 OFF RAMP
PROJECT ID: 1160-01-75
Contractor: American Asphalt

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER RUBBLIZED PCC

					SECTION	LOCA	ION						٥	ISTR	ESS TH	IRE\$H	OLDS	i				R	l
URVEY YEAR (Date)	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST SEGMENT	DIST TO SEG	SECTION LENGTH	FROM RP	PLUS DIST	TO RP	PLUS DIST	₹ 1 1 - 0 0 R	BLOCKCR	E G E R A V	F U S H	LONGUR	10 x G D 8	R U T	SURFRAV	T R A N S C R	T R A N D	P A T C H	P 0 T H 0 L E	D E AVG IRI	
							r	HRESHOL	OLEVELS		of	1%	20%	1000 lin ft *	1%	.25 ia,	slight	25/seg	1%	(50	any		T
2000										segme	rx area	seg igt	seg igt	18711	seg igt				seg lgt	lin ft		<u> </u>	╀
2000	BUS. 51N ON RAMP	RESERVE ST STR	Control	.3	0.80	357		356						0		0.03		0			İ	0.92	ı
			Random	.4										0				ō				0.02	ı
	RESERVE ST STR	WILSHIRE BLVD OH	Control	.3	1.11	356	•	355						0		0.05	i	0				0.82	ı
			Random	.9	l i									٥				0		}			ı
	WILSHIRE BLVD OH	BARSRAS LN OH	Cantral	.3	1.19	355		354					ļ	0		0.03		0	ì			0.91	1
			Random	1,0	ļ									0			i	0		Ì			l
	BARBRAS LN OH	SOO LINE RR STR	Control	.3	1.51	354		352		i				0		0.03	Ì	0) ,	0.92	ı
		OT11.111.011	Random	.6					- 1					0				0		•			ı
	SOO LINE RR STR	CTH HH OH	Control	.3	1.03	352		351				ĺ		0		0.04		.0				0.89	ı
	СТН НН ОН	PORTER DR OH	Random Control	.8 .3	1.00	351		350						0		0.03		0					ı
	Chitaton	FORTER DROIT	Random	.7	'.00	331		330					ĺ	G		0.03		0		l		0.76	1
	PORTER DR OH	LIT PLOVER RIVER	Control	.3	0.75	350		349	0.75				1	0		0.02		o		ļ		0.82	ı
		21. / 22 - 2	Random	.5	50	000		5.0	00					o		0.02		ŏ				0.62	ı
	LIT PLOVER RVR STR	CTH 8 STR	Control	.3	1.27	349	0.75	348	- 1					ō		0.05		ō				0.96	ı
			Random	.9										1				0				*	1
	CTH B STR	SECTION LINE	Control	0.4	0.99	348		348	0.99		i			0		0.05		0				0.96	ì
			Random	.2						i				0				0					ı
	SECTION LINE	STH 54 OFF RAMP	Control	.3	0.84	348	0.99	347	ł			}		0	ļ	0.05	}	0				0.82	١
			Random	.6										0				0			L		1
	AVERAGE										,					0.04						0.88	
2001																						'''	Ī
	BUS, 51N ON RAMP	RESERVE ST STR	Control	.3	0.80	357		356					l :	0	1	0.03		0				0.99	Ì
	DE0000 (F 07 070	W. O DE BLACK ON	Random	.4		000		465						0				0	i		ŀ		I
	RESERVE ST STR	WILSHIRE BLVD OH	Control	.3	1.11	356		355						0	į	0.03	!	0	,	, 1	l l	0.93	1
	WILSHIRE BLVD OH	BARBRAS LN OH	Random Control	.9 .2		355		354	1					D		0.00		0					
	MIESUIKE BEAD OU	DARDRAS LIN OFF	Random	1.0	1.19	300		334					l	38 0		0.02		0				0.61	I
	BARBRAS LN OH	SOO LINE RR STR	Control	.4	0.77	354		352						ő		0.03		ó				0.59	I
	BANBING EN ON	OOO EINE MAD IN	Random	.6	0.77	054		JUL						ŏ	- 1	0.05		2				0.59	I
	SOO LINE RR STR	CTH HH OH	Control	.3	1.03	352	•	351						18		0.03		ō				0.69	l
			Random	.8					1					a l		5.00		ő				0.03	ĺ
	СТН НН ОН	PORTER DR OH	Control	.3	1.00	351		350			1			41	f	0.02		0		i '	i ľ	0.43	١
			Random	.7										٥			i	0					ı
	PORTER DR OH	LIT PLOVER RIVER	Control	.3	0.75	350		349	0.75					0		0.03		0				0.41	ı
			Random	.5	· !				ł	' I				0				0					l
				•	1.27	349	0.75	348	ı		1			0	i	0.03		0 .				0.89	I
	LIT PLOVER RVR STR	CTH B STR	Control	.3	1-21									I								1	
			Random	.9					A		l	33ft	i	36	1	-	· I	2	i			ł	ı
	LIT PLOVER RVR STR	CTH B STR SECTION LINE	Random Control	.9 .3	0.99	348		348	0.99			33ft		0	į	0.03		2	i			0.85	
	CTH B STR	SECTION LINE	Random Control Random	.9 .3 .2	0.99				0.99			33ft		0		Ì		0	İ			Î	
			Random Control	.9 .3		348 348	0.99	348 347	0.99			33ft		0		0.03 80,0		0	i			0.85 0.45	

Minimum threshold is 1000 lineal feet of cracks averaging greater than 1/2-inch in width.

Threshold is 25 cracks per segment that average greater than 1/2-inch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are banded.

STH 80N
RICHLAND
CTH Y - PAULS HILL RD
PROJECT ID: 5552-01-71

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER RUBBLIZED PCC

					SECTION	LOCAT	TION							ISTR	ESS TH	IRESH	OLDS	ì				R	ı
			[·							A L	B	E	F	L	о г	R	S U	T R	T R	P A	P	I D	ĺ
SURVEY	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST	DIST	SECTION	FROM	PLUS		PLUS	L	0	G	U	N	N	т	R	Α	A	т	т	E	ı
YEAR	•		SEGMENT	TO	LENGTH	RP	DIST	RP	DIST	!	C	E	5	G	G		F	N	N I	C	н		
(Date)			1	SEG						G	K	R	н	R	P		R	S		н	0	AVG	
			1							Ř	R	ν		\ ^	5	'	Ŷ	R	s	- 1	È	461	
								THRESHOL	D LEVELS		6 of ent area	1% sea kat	20% sea lat	1000 lin ft *	1% seg igt	.25 in.	slight	25/seg	1% seg kgr	150 lin ft	any		•
2000			Γ								$\overline{}$								- 7 -				1
	CTHY	WEGNAN RD	Control	.3	1,16	094K		094K	1.16					0		0,10		o	1			0.77	
			Random	.6							ĺ			0				0					
	WEGNAN RD	INDIAN CREEK RD	Control	.3	1,46	094K	1.2	99						0		0.11		0				1.05	
			Random	.8	\ \					1	}	\	i !	0	i '	\ '	,	0	1				
	INDIAN CREEK RD	PAULS HILL RD	Control	.3	1.04	99		101		l		-		0		0.08		0	.			0.96	
			Random	.5										0		L		0				L	
	AVERAGE															0.10						0.93	,
2001												Γ.											1
	CTH Y	WEGNAN RD	Control	.3	1.16	094K		094K	1.16	į.				0		0.12		0			' I	0.94	
			Random	.6	i i					ŀ				0				0	ll		. [
	WEGNAN RD	INDIAN CREEK RD	Control	.3	1.46	094K	1.2	99		l				0		0.13		0				1.17	
			Random	.8								Ì	!	0				0	.				
	INDIAN CREEK RD	PAULS HILL RD	Control	.3	1.04	99		101						0		80.0		0				1.00	
			Random	.5						Ĭ	i.	1		10		1		0					1

Minimum threshold is 1000 lineal feet of cracks averaging greater than 1/2-inch in width.

^{***} Threshold is 25 cracks per segment that average greater than 1/2-inch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are banded.

STH 29E
PIERCE COUNTY
RIVER FALLS - SPRING VALLEY
PROJECT ID : 7640-07-70
Contractor: Malhy

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER FLEXIBLE BASE

					SECTION	LOCAT	TIÓN							ISTRE	SS TH	RE\$H	OLDS				-	R	P
			1							A	. в	E	F	L	L	R	S	T	T	P	ď	1	0
SI IBVEV	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST	DIST	SECTION	FROM	PLUS	то	PLUS	۱,	١۵	G	U	0 N	O N	Ţ	U R	R	R	A	O	E	1 1
YEAR	THOMTERIORE	107ERIONE	SEGMENT	ro	LENGTH	RP	DIST	RP.	DIST] ;	c	E	s	G	G	١,	f	A N	A N	c	H	=	
(Date)				SEG			5.01		0.0.	Ġ	×	Ē	н	č	Ď		R	s	, ,	H	0	AVG	l
										C	C	ļ A		R	t		Ä	C	ĭ		[]	IRI	Ì
			_1		L			THRESHO		R	R 6 of	1%	20%	1000	5		V	R	S	<u> </u>	E	<u> </u>	₩.
								HRESHU	DIEVELS				seg igt		1% seg lgt	.25 in.	slight	25/seg	1% seg igt	150 lin ft	any	ı	
2001			Τ			1				Jognic	I azeu	Jog igi	ocg igi	-	ong igi	├──			seg igt	men	+	 	╁┈
	STH 35/65	900th St	Control	.4	1.10	15K		160				l	i	l n		0.03		0		1		1.45	1.
			Random	7						l				0		0.0-		ō		l	1 1	1.40	L
	900th St	850th St	Control	.3	1.18	16D		18					Ì	70		0.03		1			1 1	1.24	ĺ
			Random	.8.						٠.			-	207				0			1 1		1
	850th St	805th St	Control	.3	1.32	18		19						137		0.04		0		ļ		1.24	1 :
			Random	1.0							}	ł		190				1			1	i	:
	805th St	770th St	Control	.3	0.97	19		21						0		0.03		2				1.40	(
			Random	.4		ļ				ŀ]		0		i		2			l [į	1
	770th St	TOWN OF MARTEL	Control	.3	1,07	21		22	0.26					0		0.03		0		i		1.60	(
	TOWN OF MARTEL	com. o.	Random	.5	1,05	22	0.00				1	i		0				0				1. '	1
	TOWN OF MARTEL	690th St	Control	.3 .9	1,05	22	0.26	25		1	1	1	į '	52 64		0.64		1	'	Ì	1 1	1.52	1 !
	690th St	650th St	Control	.3	0.99	25		26						0.		0.04		5		Ì		1.25	1 :
	D3OIII QX	OSOIII SI	Random	.7	0,33	25		20		1		ĺ		ő		0.04		2				1.25	
	650th St	590th St	Control	.3	1.50	26		28				1		0		0.05		5			1	1.30	}
			Random	.8	,,,					i	ĺ		1	ő	:	0.00		7		l		1.50	;
	590th St	RUSH RIVER STR	Control	.3	1,16	28		30		1			l i	0		0.05		14		ĺ		1.44	2
			Random	.6								1		0			l i	13					27
	RUSH RIVER STR	USH 63	Control	.3	1.33	30		33						0		0.04		4				1.42	
			Random	.9		[l	İ	!					8			 	1	1 7

Minimum threshold is 1000 lineal feet of cracks averaging greater than 1/2-inch in width.

Threshold is 25 cracks per segment that average greater than 1/2-inch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are anded.

STH 64E
CHIPPEWA COUNTY
BLOOMER - CORNELL
PROJECT ID : 8190-00-71
Contractor: Monarch

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER FLEXIBLE BASE

					SECTION	LOCAT	ION							ISTR	ESS TH	IRESH	OLDS					R	р
										Α	В	E	F	L	L	R	S	Т	T	Р	P	1	D
										L	L	D	l L	0	0	U	ប	R	R	Α	0	D	- 1
SURVEY	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST	DIST	SECTION	FROM	PLUS	TO	PLUS	L	0	G	υ	N	N	T	R	Α.	A	T	T	E	
YEAR			SEGMENT	10	LENGTH	RP	DIST	ЯP	DIST	<u> </u>	C.	E	S	G	G		F	N	N	C	H	i	
(Date)				SEG						G	K C	R	н	R	D		R	5	D	н	0	AVG	
		4.								Ř	R	l 🗘		"	S			B	1		E	IRI	
							T	HRESHOL	DIEVELS	19	6 of	1%	20%	1000	1%	.25 in.	slight	25/seq	1%	150	anv		
										segme	nt area	seg igt	seg igt	lin ft *	seg igt				seg igt			l	
2001																						· ·	
	STH 124	190th AVE	Control	.3	1,21	80		82		0	0	0	0	0	0	0.03	. 0	0	o l	0	0	0.78	-0
			Random	.9						С	0	0	0	530	C		0	0	0	0	G	ļ.	13
	190th AVE	191st AVE	Control	.3	1.47	82		82	1.47	0	0	0	0	749	G	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0.71	13
			Random	.4						0	0	0	0	242	0		C	0	0	0	0		7
	191st AVE	CTH E	Random	.1	1.08	82	1.47	85		0	0	0	0	252	0	0.03	0	0	0	0	0	0.52	7
			Control	.3						0	0	0	0	598	0		-0	0	0	0	0	I	13
				. 1				85	0.25				١ .	1 400			_				ا م ا		1 _
*	CTHE	END WARRANTY	Random	.1	0.35	85		ဝ၁	0.35	0	0		0	169	0	0.14	U	0	0	0	0	1,24	7

Minimum threshold is 1000 lineal feet of cracks averaging greater than 1/2-inch in width.

Transverse cracking threshold is exceeded. Recorded type and number of transverse cracks: 1=14, 2=0, 3=13. This section is a 1-1/4* overlay on existing asphaltic concrete pavement. The remainder of the project is new asphaltic concrete over granular base.

Threshold is 25 cracks per segment that average greater than 1/2-inch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are anded.

STH 84E / 73N TAYLOR COUNTY THORP - HANNIBAL PROJECT ID: 8210-08-70 Contractor: Mathy

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER FLEXIBLE BASE

					SECTION	LOCAT	ION			L			0	ISTRE	SS TH	RESH	OLDS					R	1
SURVEY YEAR (Dam)	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST SEGMENT	DIST TO SEG	SECTION LENGTH	FROM RP	PLUS DIST	TO RP	PLUS CHST	ALLIGER	Brockce	# D G E R A V	F L U S H	205605	10 10 0 - 9	R U T	S U R F R A V	T R A N S C R	T R A N D I S	P A T C H	POTHOLE	D E AVG	
							THE	RESHOU	D LEVELS		6 of	1% seg lgt	20%	1000 lig ft *	1%		slight	25/seg	1%	150	any		T
2001										segme	in alsa	sag igi	seg igt	-	seg igi		-		5eg igt	lin ft		i	ı
4	STH 73	POLLEY LA	Control	.3 1.1	1.50	121K		120			ĺ					0.05						0.76	
	POLLEY LA	TRUCKER LA	Control Random	.3 .7	1.01	120		119								0.04						0.66	
	TRUCKER LA	STH 64	Control Random	.3 .5	0.76	119		118D								0.04						0.75	
	STH 64	SASIT AVE	Random Control	.2	0.77	283M		284								0.03						0.72	
	BABIT AVE	CTH G (MILLER AVE)	Control	3	1.01	264		285						, (0.04	ļ	,			,	0 67	ļ
	CTH G (MILLER AVE)	S. TOWN LINE RD	Control	.3	0.94	285		286								0.05						0.61	l
	S. TOWN LINE RD	MADISON AVE	Control	.3 .8	1.01	286		287								0.05						0.79	
	MADISON AVE	CTH M	Random Control	.3 1.0	1.50	287		22								0.05					٠.	0.62	
	CTH M	END WARRANTY	Control	.3	0.83	289		289	0.28							0.15						1.62	

Minimum threshold is 1000 lineal feet of cracks averaging greater than 1/2-nch in width.

** Threshold is 25 cracks per segment that average greater than 1/2-inch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are anded.

STH 73N
TAYLOR COUNTY
THORP - HANNIBAL
PROJECT ID: 8210-07-74
Contractor: Mathy

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER FLEXIBLE BASE

																						_
				SECTION	LOCAT	ION _							ISTRE	SS TH	RESH	OLDS					Ą	١
	l	1							Α	В	E	F	1	į,	R	ş	. 7	7	P	P	1	1
				l					Ł	Ļ	D	L	0	0		U	R	R	A	0	D	ŀ
FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE			ı							- 1		1 1		T		1			I. I	ft.	l
		SEGMENT		LENGTH	ю	DIST	· RP	DIST	6	-		_		-							AVG	l
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Minimum threshold is 1000 lineal feet of cracks everaging greater than 1/2-inch in width.

Threshold is 25 cracks per segment that everage greater than 1/2-inch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are anded.

STH 131N MONROE COUNTY TOMAH - WILTON PROJECT ID : 5130-08-71 Contractor: Mathy

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT OVER FLEXIBLE BASE

					SECTION	LOCAT	ION						D	ISTRE	SS TH	RESH	OLDS				- 1	R
SURVEY YEAR (Data)	FROM FEATURE	TO FEATURE	TEST SEGMENT	DIST TO SEG	SECTION LENGTH	FROM RP	PLUS DIST	TO RP	PLUS DIST	A L L L G C R	BLOCXC	E O G E R A V	F L U S H	L O N G C R	LONGD	R U	SHERV	TRANSCR	T R A N D	P T C H	POTHOLE	D E AVG IRI
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	KICKAPOO SPRINGS	RD CTH A	Control	.3	0.98	117		118			Ī					0.05						0.81
	СТН А	SECTION LINE	Control	.3	0.91	118		118	0.91							0.03					1	0.90
	SECTION LINE	HERTZ AVE	Random	.3	1.21	118	0.91	123								0.03						0.71
	HERTZ AVE	HIGHLAND AVE	Control	.3	1,41	123		125			İ					0.03		i				0.62
. 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1	HIGHLAND AVE	END WARRANTY	Random	.1 ::a:::	0.52	125	*******	125	0.52					, <u>.</u>		0.06						0.71

Minimum threshold is 1000 fineal feet of cracks averaging greater than 1/2-inch in width.

Transverse cracking threshold is exceeded. Recorded type and number of transverse cracks: 1=14, 2=0, 3=13. This section is a 1-1/4" overlay on existing asphaltic concrete pavement. The remainder of the project is new asphaltic concrete over granular base.

Threshold is 25 cracks per segment that average greater than 1/2-inch, or 25 cracks per segment of which 25 percent are anded.